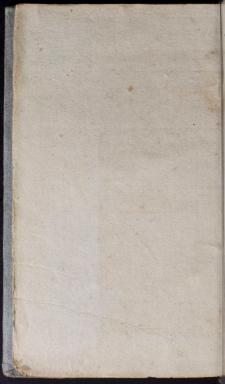


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THE

WRONGS OF WOMAN:

OR,

MARIA.

A FRAGMENT.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

VOL. H.

WRONGS OF WOMALL

OF POLITICAL WORLD SCHOOL

R OU 1798/7

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POSTHUMOUS WORKS

MARY WOLLSTONECRAFT GODWIN.

VOL. II.

ENSOW SUCMILITIES

TIME WOLLS TO SERVER GODING

POSTHUMOUS WORKS

OF THE

AUTHOR

OF A

VINDICATION OF THE RIGHTS OF WOMAN.

IN FOUR VOLUMES.

VOL. II.

LONDON:

-PRINTED FOR J. JOHNSON, NO. 72, ST. PAUL'S CHURCH-YARD; AND G. G. AND J. ROBINSON, PATERNOSTER-ROW. 1798.

WRONGS

WOMAN.

CHAP. IX.

"I RESUME my pen to fly from thought. I was married; and we haftened to London. I had purposed taking one of my fifters with me; for a strong motive for marrying, was the defire of having a home at which I could receive them, now their own grew fo uncomfortable, as not to deferve the cheering appellation. An objection was made to her

VOL. II. accomaccompanying me, that appeared plaufible; and I reluctantly acquiefced. I was however willingly allowed to take with me Molly, poor Peggy's daughter. London and preferment, are ideas commonly affociated in the country; and, as blooming as May, she bade adieu to Peggy with weeping eyes. I did not even feel hurt at the refufal in relation to my fifter, till hearing what my uncle had done for me, I had the fimplicity to request, speaking with warmth of their fituation, that he would give them a thousand pounds a-piece, which feemed to me but justice. He asked me, giving me a kifs, 'If I had loft my fenfes?" I flarted back, as if I had found a wasp in a rose-bush. I expostulated. He fneered; and the demon of cilcord entered our paradife, to rear or silver to reside its at poison poison with his pestiferous breath every opening iov.

"I had fometimes observed descess in my husband's understanding; but, led astray by a prevailing opinion, that goodness of disposition is of the first importance in the relative situations of life, in proportion as I perceived the narrowness of his understanding, sancy enlarged the boundary of his heart. Fatal error! How quickly is the so much vaunted mikkiness of nature turned into gall, by an intercourse with the world, if more generous juices do not suffain the vital source of virtue!"

"One trait iff my character was extreme credolley; but, when my eyes were once opened, I faw but too clearly all I had before overlooked. My hutband was flusk in my effecin; ffill there are youthful emotions, which, for a while,

"Do not let me lead you aftray, my child, I do not mean to affert, that any human being is entirely incapable of feeling the generous emotions, which are the foundation of every true principle of virtue; but they are frequently, I fear, fo feeble, that, like the inflammable quality which more or less lurks in all bodies, they often lie for

ever dormant; the circumftances never occurring, necessary to call them into action.

"I discovered however by chance, that, in consequence of some losses in trade, the natural effect of his gambling desire to start suddenly into riches, being the sive thousand pounds given me by my uncle, had been paid very opportunely. This discovery, strange as you may think the affertion, gave me pleasure; my husband's embarrassments endeared him to me. I was glad to find an execuse for his conduct to my sifters, and my mind became calmer.

"My uncle introduced me to fome literary fociety; and the theatres were a never-failing fource of amulement to me. My delighted eye followed Mrs. Siddons, when, with dignified delicacy, the played Califta; and I involuntarily

B 3 repeated

repeated after her, in the fame tone, and with a long-drawn figh,

· Hearts like our's were pair'd---not match'd."

"These were, at first, spontaneous emotions, though, becoming acquainted with men of wit and polished manners, I could not fometimes help regretting my early marriage; and that, in my hafte to escape from a temporary dependence, and expand my newly fledged wings, in an unknown fky, I had been caught in a trap, and caged for life. Still the novelty of London, and the attentive fondness of my hufband, for he had fome perfonal regard for me, made feveral months glide away. Yet, not forgetting the fituation of my fifters, who were ftill very young, I prevailed on my uncle to fettle

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tle a thousand pounds on each; and to place them in a school near town, where I could frequently visit, as well as have them at home with me.

"I now tried to improve my hufband's tafte, but we had few subjects in common; indeed he folon appeared to have little relish for my society, unless he was hinting to me the use he could make of my uncless wealth. When we had sompany, I was difgusted by an offentatious display of riches, and I have often quitted the room, to avoid lifecing to exaggreated tales of money obtained by lucky hits.

"With all my attention and affectionate interest, I perceived that I could not become the friend or confident of my husband. Every thing I learned relative to his affairs I gathered up by accident; and I value endea-

B 4

voured

voured to establish, at our fire-side, that focial converse, which often renders people of different characters dear to each other. Returning from the theatre, or any amufing party, I frequently began to relate what I had feen and highly relished; but with fullen taciturnity he foon filenced me. I feemed therefore gradually to lofe, in his fociety, the foul, the energies of which had just been in action. To such a degree, in fact, did his cold, referved manner affect me, that, after spending fome days with him alone, I have imagined myfelf the most stupid creature in the world, till the abilities of fome cafual vifitor convinced me that I had fome dormant animation, and fentiments above the dust in which I had been groveling. The very countenance of my husband changed; his complexion

plexion became fallow, and all the charms of youth were vanishing with

its vivacity.

" I give you one view of the fubject; but these experiments and alterations took up the space of five years; during which period, I had most reluctantly extorted feveral fums from my uncle, to fave my husband, to use his own words, from destruction. At first it was to prevent bills being noted, to the injury of his credit; then to bail him; and afterwards to prevent an execution from entering the house. I began at last to conclude, that he would have made more exertions of his own to extricate himself, had he not relied on mine, cruel as was the tafk he imposed on me; and I firmly determined that I would make use of no more pretexts.

" From the moment I pronounced this

this determination, indifference on his part was changed into rudeness, or fomething worfe.

" He now feldom dined at home, and continually returned at a late hour, drunk, to bed. I retired to another apartment; I was glad, I own, to escape from his; for personal intimacy without affection, feemed, to me the most degrading, as well as the most painful state in which a woman of any tafte, not to fpeak of the peculiar delicacy of fostered fensibility, could be placed. But my hufband's fondnefs for women was of the groffest kind, and imagination was fo wholly out of the question, as to render his indulgences of this fort entirely promifcuous, and of the most brutal nature. My health fuffered, before my heart was entirely estranged by the loath-

fome

fome information; could I then have returned to his fullied arms, but as a victim to the prejudices of mankind, who have made women the property of their husbands? I discovered even, by his convertation, when intoxicated, that his favourites were wantons of the lowest class, who could by their vulgar, indecent mirth, which he ealled nature, rouse his fluggish spirits. Meretricious ornaments and manners were necessary to attract his attention. He feldom looked twice at a modest woman, and fat filent in their company; and the charms of youth and beauty had not the flightest effect on his fenses, unlefs the poffeffors were initiated in vice. His intimacy with profligate women, and his habits of thinking, gave him a contempt for female endowments; and he would repeat, when wine

wine had loofed his tongue, most of the common place farcasms levelled at them, by men who do not allow them to have minds, because mind would be an impediment to gross enjoyment. Men who are inferior to their fellow men, are always most anxious to establish their superiority over women. But where are these resections leading me?

"Women who have loft their huiband's affection, are juffly reproved for neglecting their perfons, and not taking the fame pains to keep, as to gain a heart; but who thinks of giving the fame advice to men, though women are continually fligmatized for being attached to fops; and from the nature of their education, are more susceptible of difgust? Yet why a woman should be expected to endure a floven, with

more

more patience than a man, and magnanimously to govern herfelf, I cannot conceive; unless it be supposed arrogant in her to look for refpect as well as a maintenance. It is not easy to be pleased, because, after promising to love, in different circumstances, we are told that it is our duty. I cannot, I am fure (though, when attending the fick, I never felt difgust) forget my own fenfations, when rifing with health and spirit, and after scenting the sweet morning, I have met my husband at the breakfast table. The active attention I had been giving to domestic regulations, which were generally fettled before he rose, or a walk, gave a glow to my countenance, that contrasted with his fquallid appearance. The fqueamishness of stomach alone, produced by the last night's intemperance, which

he took no pains to conceal, deftroyed my appetite. I think I now fee him lolling in an arm-chair, in a dirty powdering gown, foiled linen, ungartered flockings, and tangled hair, yawning and firetching himfelf. The newspaper was immediately called for, if not brought in on the tea-board, from which he would fcarcely lift his eyes while I poured out the tea, excepting to ask for some brandy to put into it, or to declare that he could not eat. In answer to any question, in his best humour, it was a drawling ' What do you fay, child?' But if I demanded money for the house expences, which I put off till the last moment, his customary reply, often prefaced with an oath, was, ' Do you think me, madam, made of money?'-The butcher, the baker, must wait; and, what was

worfe,

worfe, I was often obliged to witness his furly dismission of tradesmen, who were in want of their money, and whom I fometimes paid with the prefents my uncle gave me for my own

At this juncture my father's mistress, by terrifying his conscience, prevailed on him to marry her; he was already become a methodist; and my brother, who now practifed for himfelf, had difcovered a flaw in the fettlement made on my mother's children, which fet it afide, and he allowed my father, whose diffress made him fubmit to any thing, a tithe of his own, or rather our fortune

My fifters had left fchool, but were unable to endure home, which my father's wife rendered as difagreeable as possible, to get rid of girls whom she

regarded as fpies on her conduct. They were accomplished, yet you can (may you never be reduced to the same deftitute state!) scarcely conceive the trouble I had to place them in the fituation of governesses, the only one in which even a well-educated woman, with more than ordinary talents, can ftruggle for a fubfiftence; and even this is a dependence next to menial. Is it then furprifing, that fo many forlorn women. with human passions and feelings, take refuge in infamy? Alone in large manfions, I fay alone, because they had no companions with whom they could converse on equal terms, or from whom they could expect the endearments of affection, they grew melancholy, and the found of joy made them fad; and the youngest, having a more delicate frame, fell into a decline. It was with

great difficulty that I, who now almost supported the house by loans from my uncle, could prevail on the mofter of it, to allow her a room to die in. I watched her fick bed for fome months, and there closed her eyes, gentle spirit! for ever. She was pretty, with very engaging manners; vet had never an opportunity to marry, excepting to a very old man. She had abilities fufficient to have shone in any profession, had there been any professions for women, though she shrunk at the name of milliner or mantua-maker as degrading to a gentlewoman. I would not term this feeling false pride to any one but you, my child, whom I fondly hope to fee (yes; I will indulge the hope for a moment!) possessed of that energy of character which gives dignity to any flation; and with that clear, firm spirit that will en-VOL. II. able able you to choose a fituation for yourfelf, or fubmit to be classed in the lowest, if it be the only one in which you can be the miftrefs of your own actions.

" Soon after the death of my fifter, an incident occurred, to prove to me that the heart of a libertine is dead to natural affection: and to convince me, that the being who has appeared all tenderness, to gratify a felfish passion, is as regardless of the innocent fruit of it, as of the object, when the fit is over. I had cafually observed an old, mean-· looking woman, who called on my hufband every two or three months to receive fome money. One day entering the passage of his little counting-house, as the was going out, I heard her fay, 'The child is very weak; the cannot live long, the will foon die

out of your way, so you need not grudge her a little physic.'

"'So much the better,' he replied, and pray mind your own bufiness, good woman.'

"I was ftruck by his unfeeling, inhuman tone of voice, and drew back, determined when the woman came again, to try to fpeak to her, not out of curiofity, I had heard enough, but with the hope of being useful to a poor, outcast girl.

"A month or two elapfed before I faw this woman again; and then she had a child in her hand that tottered along, fearcely able to sustain her own weight. They were going away, to return at the hour Mr. Venables was expected; he was now from home. I defired the woman to walk into the parlour. She hesitated, yet obeyed.

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I affured her that I should not mention to my husband (the word scemed to weigh on my refpiration), that I had seen her, or his child. The woman stared at me with association and I turned my eyes on the squalid object [that accompanied her.] She could hardly support herself, her complexion was fallow, and her eyes instanced, with an indescribable look of cunning, mixed with the wrinkles produced by the peevishness of pain.

"Poor child! I exclaimed. 'Ah! you may well fay poor child,' replied the woman. 'I brought her here to fee whether he would have the heart to look at her, and not get fome advice. I do not know what they deferve who nurfed her. Why, her legs bent under her like a bow when fhe came to me, and she has never been well fince; but,

if they were no better paid than I am, it is not to be wondered at, fure enough.'

"On further enquiry I was informed, that this miferable spectacle was the daughter of a fervant, a country girl, who caught Mr. Venables' eye, and whom he seduced. On his marriage he sent her away, her situation being too visible. After her delivery, the was thrown on the town; and died in an hospital within the year. The babe was sent to a parish-nurse, and afterwards to this woman, who did not seem much better; but what was to be expected from such a close bargain? She was only paid three shillings a week for board and washing.

"The woman begged me to give her fome old clothes for the child, affuring me, that she was almost afraid to ask

C 3 master

mafter for money to buy even a pair of shoes.

"I grew fick at heart. And, fearing Mr. Venables might enter, and oblige me to exprefs my abhorrence, I haftily enquired where the lived, promifed to pay her two fhillings a week more, and to call on her in a day or two; putting a trifle into her hand as a proof of my good intention.

"If the state of this child affected me, what were my feelings at a discovery I made respecting Peggy ——?*

* The manufcript is in perfect here. An epifode feems to have been intended, which was never committed to paper.

EDITOR.

CHAP.

CH. X.

heavy

CHAP. X.

MY father's fituation was now fo diffreffing, that I prevailed on my uncle to accompany me to vifit him; and to lend me his affiftance, to prevent the whole property of the family from becoming the prey of my brother's rapacity; for, to extricate himself out of prefent difficulties, my father was totally regardless of futurity. I took down with me fome prefents for my step-mother; it did not require an effort for me to treat her with civility, or to forget the past.

"This was the first time I had visited my native village, fince my marriage. But with what different emotions did I return from the bufy world, with a C 4

heavy weight of experience benumbing my imagination, to scenes, that whifpered recollections of joy and hope most eloquently to my heart! The first scent of the wild flowers from the heath, thrilled through my veins, awakening every fense to pleasure. The icv hand of defpair feemed to be removed from my bosom; and-forgetting my hufband-the nurtured visions of a romantic mind, burfting on me with all their original wildness and gay exuberance, were again hailed as fweet realities. I forgot, with equal facility, that I ever felt forrow, or knew care in the country; while a transient rainbow ftole athwart the cloudy fky of defpondency. The picturefque form of feveral favourite trees, and the porches of rude cottages, with their fmiling hedges, were recognized with the gladfome

fome playfulness of childish vivacity. I could have kiffed the chickens that pecked on the common; and longed to pat the cows, and frolic with the dogs that sported on it. I gazed with delight on the windmill, and thought it lucky that it fhould be in motion, at the moment I passed by; and entering the dear green-lane, which led directly to the village, the found of the wellknown rookery gave that fentimental tinge to the varying fenfations of my active foul, which only ferved to heighten the lustre of the luxuriant fcenery. But, fpying, as I advanced, the spire, peeping over the withered tops of the aged elms that composed the rookery, my thoughts flew immediately to the church-yard, and tears of affection, fuch was the effect of my imagination, bedewed my mother's grave! Sorrove

Sorrow gave place to devotional feelings. I wandered through the church in fancy, as I used sometimes to do on a Saturday evening. I recollected with what fervour I addressed the God of my youth: and once more with rapturous love looked above my forrows to the Father of nature. I paufe-feeling forcibly all the emotions I am defcribing; and (reminded, as I register my forrows, of the fublime calm I have felt, when in fome tremendous folitude, my foul rested on itself, and feemed to fill the universe) I infenfibly breathe foft, hushing every wayward emotion, as if fearing to fully with a figh, a contentment fo extatic.

"Having fettled my father's affairs, and, by my exertions in his fayour, made my brother my fworn foe, I returned to London. My hufband's conduct was now changed; I had during my abfence, received feveral affectionate, penitential letters from him; and he feemed on my arrival, to wifh by his behaviour to prove his fincerity. I could not then conceive why he acted thus; and, when the fufpicion darted into my head, that it might arife from obferving my increasing influence with my uncle, I almost despifed myself for imagining that such a degree of debasing self-islanes could exist.

"He became, unaccountable as was the change, tender and attentive; and, attacking my weak fide, made a confeffion of his follies, and lamented the embarraffments in which I, who merited a far different fate, might be involved. He befought me to aid him with my counfel, praifed my understanding, and appealed appealed to the tenderness of my-heart.

" This conduct only inspired me with compassion. I wished to be his friend; but love had foread his rofy pinions, and fled far, far away; and had not (like fome exquifite perfumes, the fine fpirit of which is continually mingling with the air) left a fragrance behind, to mark where he had shook his wings. My hufband's renewed careffes then became hateful to me; his brutality was tolerable, compared to his diffafteful fondness. Still, compassion, and the fear of infulting his fuppofed feelings, by a want of fympathy, made me diffemble, and do violence to my delicacy. What a task!

"Those who support a system of what I term false refinement, and will

not

not allow great part of love in the female, as well as male breaft, to fpring in fome refpects involuntarily, may not admit that charms are as necessary to feed the paffion, as virtues to convert the mellowing spirit into friendship. To fuch observers I have nothing to fay, any more than to the moralists, who infift that women ought to, and can love their hufbands, because it is their duty. To you, my child, I may add, with a heart tremblingly alive to your future conduct, fome observations, dictated by my prefent feelings, on calmly reviewing this period of my life. When novelifts or moralifts praife as a virtue, a woman's coldness of constitution, and want of passion; and make her yield to the ardour of her lover out of theer compassion, or to promote a frigid plan of future comfort, I am difgusted. They

They may be good women, in the ordinary acceptation of the phrase, and do no harm; but they appear to me not to have those 'finely fashioned nerves,' which render the fenfes exquifite. They may possess tenderness; but they want that fire of the imagination, which produces active fenfibility, and positive virtue. How does the woman deferve to be characterized, who marries one man, with a heart and imagination devoted to another? Is the not an object of pity or contempt, when thus facrilegiously violating the purity of her own feelings? Nay, it is as indelicate, when she is indifferent, unless she be constitutionally infenfible; then indeed it is a mere affair of barter : and I have nothing to do with the fecrets of trade. Yes; eagerly as I wish you to possess true rectitude of mind, and purity of affection.

affection, I must insist that a heartless conduct is the contrary of virtuous. Truth is the only basis of virtue; and we cannot, without depraving our minds, endeavour to please a lover or husband, but in proportion as he pleases us. Men, more effectually to enslave us, may inculcate this partial morality, and lose fight of virtue in subdividing it into the duties of particular stations; but let us not blush for nature without a cause!

"After these remarks, I am ashamed to own, that I was pregnant. The greatest facrifice of my principles in my whole life, was the allowing my husband again to be familiar with my perfon, though to this cruel act of self-denial, when I wished the earth to open and swallow me, you owe your birth; and I the unutterable pleasure

of being a mother. There was fomething of delicacy in my hufband's bridal attentions; but now his tainted breath. pimpled face, and blood-fhot eyes, were not more repugnant to my fenfes, than his grofs manners, and lovelefs familiarity to my tafte.

" A man would only be expected to maintain; yes, barely grant a fubfiftence, to a woman rendered odious by habitual intoxication; but who would expect him, or think it possible to love her? And unless 'youth, and genial years were flown,' it would be thought equally unreafonable to infift, [under penalty of] forfeiting almost every thing reckoned valuable in life, that he fhould not love another; whilft woman, weak in reason, impotent in will, is required to moralize, fentimentalize berfelf to stone, and pine her life away,

labouring

labouring to reform her embruted mate. He may even fpend in diffipation, and intemperance, the very intemperance which renders him fo hateful, her property, and by flinting her expences, not permit her to beguile in fociety, a wearifome, joylefs life; for over their mutual fortune she has no power, it must all pass through his hand. And if she be a mother, and in the present state of women, it is a great misfortune to be prevented from discharging the duties, and cultivating the affections of one, what has she not to endure?-But I have fuffered the tenderness of one to lead me into reflections that I did not think of making, to interrupt my narrative-yet the full heart will overflow.

"Mr. Venables' embarraffments did not now endear him to me; still, anxi-Vol. II. D ous ous to befriend him, I endeavoured to prevail on him to retrench his expences; but he had always fome plaufible excuse to give, to justify his not following my advice. Humanity, compaffion, and the interest produced by a habit of living together, made me try to relieve, and fympathize with him; but, when I recollected that I was bound to live with fuch a being for ever-my heart died within me; my defire of improvement became languid, and baleful, corroding melancholy took possession of my foul. Marriage had baffilled me for life. I discovered in myfelf a capacity for the enjoyment of the various pleafures existence affords; yet, fettered by the partial laws of fociety, this fair globe was to me an univerfal blank.

"When I exhorted my husband to economy,

economy, I referred to himfelf. I was obliged to praclife the moft rigil, or contract debts, which I had too much reason to fear would never be paid. I despited this paltry privilege of a wife, which can only be of use to the vicious or inconsiderate, and determined not to increase the torrent that was bearing him down. I was then ignorant of the extent of his fraudulent speculations, whom I was bound to honour and obey.

"A woman neglected by her hufband, or whose manners form a striking contrast with his, will always have men on the watch to foothe and statter her. Besides, the forlorn state of a neglected woman, not destitute of perfonal charms, is particularly interesting, and rouses that species of pity, which is so near akin, it easily slides

D 2

into love. A man of feeling thinks not of feducing, he is himfelf feduced by all the noblest emotions of his foul. He figures to himfelf all the facrifices a woman of fenfibility must make, and every fituation in which his imagination places her, touches his heart, and fires his paffions. Longing to take to his bosom the shorn lamb, and bid the drooping buds of hope revive, benevolence changes into passion: and should he then discover that he is beloved, honour binds him fast, though foreseeing that he may afterwards be obliged to pay fevere damages to the man, who never appeared to value his wife's fociety, till he found that there was a chance of his being indemnified for the lofs of it.

" Such are the partial laws enacted by men; for, only to lay a firefs on the dependent

dependent state of a woman in the grand question of the comforts arising from the possession of property, she is feven in this article | much more injured by the lofs of the hufband's affection. than he by that of his wife; yet where is she, condemned to the folitude of a deferted home, to look for a compenfation from the woman, who feduces him from her? She cannot drive an. unfaithful husband from his house, nor feparate, or tear, his children from him, however culpable he may be; and he, still the master of his own fate, enjoys the fmiles of a world, that would brand her with infamy, did she, feeking confolation, venture to retaliate.

"These remarks are not dictated by experience; but merely by the compassion I feel for many amiable women, the out-laws of the world. For my-

felf, never encouraging any of the advances that were made to me, my lovers dropped off like the untimely fhoots of fpring. I did not even coquet with them; because I found, on examining myfelf, I could not coquet with a man without loving him a little; and I perceived that I should not be able to ftop at the line of what are termed innocent freedoms, did I fuffer any. My referve was then the confequence of delicacy. Freedom of conduct has emancipated many women's minds; but my conduct has most rigidly been governed by my principles, till the improvement of my understanding has enabled me to difcern the fallacy of prejudices at war with nature and reafon.

"Shortly after the change I have mentioned in my hufband's conduct,

my uncle was compelled by his declining health, to feek the fuccour of a milder climate, and embark for Lifbon. He left his will in the hands of a friend, an eminent folicitor; he had previously questioned me relative to my fituation and state of mind, and declared very freely, that he could place no reliance on the stability of my husband's professions. He had been deceived in the unfolding of his character; he now thought it fixed in a train of actions that would inevitably lead to ruin and diferace.

"The evening before his departure, which we fpent alone together, he folded me to his heart, uttering the endearing appellation of 'child.'—My more than father! why was I not permitted to perform the laft duties of one, and fmooth the pillow of death?

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He feemed by his manner to be convinced that he should never fee me more; yet requested me, most earnefily, to come to him, should I be obliged to leave my husband. He had before expressed his forrow at hearing of my pregnancy, having determined to prevail on me to accompany him, till I informed him of that circumstance. He expressed himself unseignedly forry that any new tie should bind me to a man whom he thought so incapable of estimating my value; such was the kind language of affection.

"I must repeat his own words; they made an indelible impression on my mind;

" 'The marriage flate is certainly that 'in which women, generally fpeaking, 'can be most useful; but I am far from 'thinking that a woman, once married,

· ought

ought to confider the engagement as ' indiffoluble (efpecially if there be no ' children to reward her for facrificing 'her feelings) in cafe her hufband ' merits neither her love, nor effeem. ' Esteem will often supply the place of 'love; and prevent a woman from be-'ing wretched, though it may not ' make her happy. The magnitude of ' a facrifice ought always to bear fome ' proportion to the utility in view; ' and for a woman to live with a manfor whom the can cherish neither af-· fection nor esteem, or even be of any ufe to him, excepting in the light of 'a house-keeper, is an abjectness of ' condition, the enduring of which no concurrence of circumstances can ever make a duty in the fight of God or just men. If indeed she submits to ' it merely to be maintained in idlenefs, YOL, II. · the

* fhe has no right to complain bitterly * of her fate; or to act, as a person of * independent character might, as if * she had a title to difregard general * rules.

" But the misfortune is, that many women only fubmit in appearance, and forfeit their own respect to secure their reputation in the world. The " fituation of a woman feparated from 'her husband, is undoubtedly very different from that of a man who has left his wife. He, with lordly digni-* ty, has shaken of a clog; and the al-· lowing her food and raiment, is ' thought fufficient to fecure his reputation from taint. And, should she have been inconfiderate, he will be ' celebrated for his generofity and forbearance. Such is the respect paid to the master-key of property! A woman, 'man, on the contrary, refigning what

is termed her natural protector (though he never was fo, but in name) is

despised and shunned, for afferting the independence of mind distinctive

of a rational being, and spurning at

· flavery.'

"During the remainder of the evening, my uncle's tenderness led him frequently to revert to the subject, and utter, with increasing warmth, sentiments to the same purport. At length it was necessary to say 'Farewell!'—and we parted—gracious God! to meet no more.

CHAP. XI.

" A GENTLEMAN of large fortunes and of polished manners, had lately visited very frequently at our house, and treated me, if possible, with more respect than Mr. Venables paid him; my pregnancy was not yet visible. his fociety was a great relief to me, as I had for fome time paff, to avoid expence, confined myfelf very much at. home. I ever difdained unneceffary, perhaps even prudent concealments; and my husband, with great ease, discovered the amount of my uncle's parting present. A copy of a writ was the stale pretext to extort it from me; and I had foon reason to believe that it was fabricated

fabricated for the purpose. I acknowJedge my folly in thus suffering myself
to be continually imposed on. I had
adhered to my resolution not to apply
to my uncle, on the part of my husband,
any more; yet, when I had received
a sum sufficient to supply my own
wants, and to enable me to pursue a
plan I had in view, to fettle my younger brother in a respectable employment, I allowed myself to be duped by
Mr. Venables' shallow pretences, and
hypocritical professions.

"Thus did he pillage me and my family, thus frustrate all my plans of usefulnes. Yet this was the man I was bound to respect and esteem: as if respect and esteem and arbitrary will of our own! But a wife being as much a man's property as his horse, or his ass, she has nothing she

can call her own. He may use any means to get at what the law confiders as his, the moment his wife is in possession of it, even to the forcing of a lock, as Mr. Venables did, to search for notes in my writing-desk—and all this is done with a show of equity, because, forsooth, he is responsible for her maintenance.

"The tender mother cannot law-fully finatch from the gripe of the gambling fpendthrift, or beafly drunkard, unmindful of his offspring, the fortune which falls to her by chance; or (fo flagrant is the injuftice) what fhe carns by her own exertions. No; he can rob her with impunity, even to wafte publicly on a courtezan; and the laws of her country—if women have a country—afford her no protection or redrefs from the oppreffor, un-

less she have the plea of bodily fear; yet how many ways are there of goading the foul almost to madness, equally unmanly, though not fo mean? When fuch laws were framed, should not impartial lawgivers have first decreed, in the style of a great assembly, who recognized the existence of an être suprême, to fix the national belief, that the hufband should always be wifer and more virtuous than his wife, in order to entitle him, with a show of justice, to keep this idiot, or perpetual minor, for ever in bondage. But I must have done-on this fubject, my indignation continually runs away with me.

"The company of the gentleman I have already mentioned, who had a general acquaintance with literature and fubjects of tafte, was grateful to me; my countenance brightened up as

he approached, and I unaffectedly expressed the pleasure I selt. The amusement his conversation afforded me, made it easy to comply with my husband's request, to endeavour to render our house agreeable to him.

"His attentions became more pointed; but, as I was not of the number of women, whose virtue, as it is termed, immediately takes alarm, I endeavoured, rather by raillery than ferious expostulation, to give a different turn to his conversation. He assumed a new mode of attack, and I was, for a while, the dupe of his pretended friendship.

"I had, merely in the flyle of badimage, boafted of my conquest, and repeated his lover-like compliments to my husband. But he begged me, for God's sake, not to affront his friend, or

I should

I should destroy all his projects, and be his ruin. Had I had more affection for my husband, I should have expressed my contempt of this time-ferving politeness: now I imagined that I only selt pity; yet it would have puzzled a casulit to point out in what the exact difference consisted.

"This friend began now, in confidence, to difcover to me the real flate of my hufband's affairs. 'Neceffity,' faid Mr. S.—; why should I reveal his name? for he affected to palliate the conduct he could not excuse, 'had led him to take such steps, by accommodation bills, buying goods on credit, to fell them for ready money, and similar transactions, that his character in the commercial world was gone. He was considered,' he added, lowering his voice, 'on 'Change as a swindler.'

Vol. II. R. "I felt

" I felt at that moment the first maternal pang. Aware of the evils my fex have to flruggle with, I ftill wished, for my own confolation, to be the mother of a daughter; and I could not bear to think, that the fins of her father's entailed difgrace, should be added to the ills to which woman is heir. " So completely was I deceived by these shows of friendship (nay, I believe, according to his interpretation, Mr. Sreally was my friend) that I began to confult him respecting the best mode of retrieving my hufband's character: it is the good name of a woman only that fets to rife no more. I knew not that he had been drawn into a whirlpool, out of which he had not the energy to attempt to escape. He feemed indeed defitute of the power of employing his faculties in any regular pursuit. His principles of action were fo loofe, and his mind fo uncultivated, that every thing like order appeared to him in the shape of restraint; and, like men in the favage state, he required the strong stimulus of hope or fear, produced by wild speculations, in which the interests of others went for nothing, to keep his spirits awake. He one time professed patriotism, but he knew not what it was to feel honest indignation; and pretended to be an advocate for liberty, when, with as little affection for the human race as for individuals, he thought of nothing but his own gratification. He was just fuch a citizen, as a father. The fums he adroitly obtained by a violation of the laws of his country, as well as those of humanity, he would allow a mistress to squander; though she was, E 2

with the fame fang froid, configned, as were his children, to poverty, when another proved more attractive.

"On various pretences, his friend continued to vifit me; and, observing my want of money, he tried to induce me to accept of pecuniary aid; but this offer I absolutely rejected, though it was made with such delicacy, I could not be displeased.

"One day he came, as I thought accidentally, to dinner. My husband was very much engaged in business, and quitted the room soon after the cloth was removed. We conversed as usual, till considential advice led again to love. I was extremely mortified. I had a fincer regard for him, and hoped that he had an equal friendship for me. I therefore began mildly to expostulate with him. This gentle-

ness

nefs he miftook for cov encouragement : and he would not be diverted from the fubject. Perceiving his miftake, I feriously asked him how, using fuch language to me, he could profefs to be my husband's friend? A fignificant fneer excited my curiofity, and he, fuppoling this to be my only fcruple, took a letter deliberately out of his pocket, faying, 'Your husband's honour is not inflexible. How could you. with your difcernment, think it fo? Why, he left the room this very day on purpose to give me an opportunity to explain myfelf; be thought me too " I fnatched the letter with inde-

fcribable emotion. The purport of it was to invite him to dinner, and to ridicule his chivalrous respect for me. He affured him, 'that every woman had' E 3

her price, and, with grofs indecency, hinted, that he should be glad to have the duty of a hufband taken off his hands. These he termed liberal sentiments. He advised him not to shock my romantic notions, but to attack my credulous generofity, and weak pity; and concluded with requesting him to lend him five hundred pounds for a month or fix weeks.' I read this letter twice over; and the firm purpose it infpired, calmed the rifing tumult of my foul. I rose deliberately, requested Mr. S- to wait a moment, and inflantly going into the counting-house, defired Mr. Venables to return with me to the dining-parlour.

" He laid down his pen, and entered with me, without observing any change in my countenance. I shut the door, and, giving him the letter, simply asked, asked, 'whether he wrote it, or was it

a forgery?'

" Nothing could equal his confusion. His friend's eye met his, and he muttered fomething about a joke-But I interrupted him- It is fufficient-We part for ever.'

" I continued, with folemnity, ' I have borne with your tyranny and infidelities. I difdain to utter what I have borne with. I thought you unprincipled, but not fo decidedly vicious. I formed a tie, in the fight of heaven-I have held it facred; even when men, more conformable to my tafte, have made me feel-I despise all fubterfuge !- that I was not dead to love. Neglected by you, I have refolutely ftifled the enticing emotions, and respected the plighted faith you outraged. And you dare now to infult. me, E 4

me, by felling me to profitution!— Yes—equally loft to delicacy and principle—you dared facrilegiously to barter the honour of the mother of your child.'

"Then, turning to Mr. S.—, I added, 'I call on you, Sir, to witnefs,' and I lifted my hands and eyes to heaven, 'that, as folemnly as I took his name, I now abjure it,' I pulled off my ring, and put it on the table; 'and that I mean immediately to quit his houfe, never to enter it more. I will provide for myfelf and child. I leave him as free as I am determined to be myfelf—he shall be answerable for no debts of mine.'

"Aftonishment closed their lips, till Mr. Venables, gently pushing his friend, with a forced smile, out of the room, nature for a moment prevailed,

and,

and, appearing like himfelf, he turned found, burning with rage, to me a but there was no terror in the frown, excepting when contrafted with the malignant finile which preceded it. He bade me 'leave the house at my peril; told me he despised my threats; I had no resource; I could not swear the peace against him!—I was not afraid of my life!—he had never struck me!'

"He threw the letter in the fire, which I had ineautiously left in his hands; and, quitting the room, locked

the door on me.

"When left alone, I was a moment or two before I could recollect myfelf. One feene had fucceeded another with fuch rapidity, I almost doubted whether I was reflecting on a real event.

"Was it possible? Was I, indeed, free?"—Yes; free I termed myfelf, when

when I decidedly perceived the conduct I ought to adopt. How had I panted for liberty-liberty, that I would have purchased at any price, but that of my own efteem! I rofe, and shook myfelf; opened the window, and methought the air never fmelled fo fweet. The face of heaven grew fairer as I viewed it. and the clouds feemed to flit away obedient to my wishes, to give my foul room to expand. I was all foul, and (wild as it may appear) felt as if I could have diffolved in the foft balmy gale that kiffed my cheek, or have glided below the horizon on the glowing, descending beams. A seraphic satisfaction animated, without agitating my fpirits; and my imagination collected, in visions sublimely terrible, or foothingly beautiful, an immenfe variety of the endless images, which nature affords.

affords, and fancy combines, of the grand and fair. The luftre of thefe bright picturefque sketches faded with the fetting fun; but I was still alive to the calm delight they had diffused through my heart.

"There may be advocates for matrimonial obedience, who, making a diftinction between the duty of a wife and of a human being, may blame my conduct.—To them I write not—my feelings are not for them to analyze; and may you, my child, never be able to afcertain, by heart-rending experience, what your mother felt before the prefent emancipation of her mind!

" I began to write a letter to my father, after clofing one to my uncle; not to ask advice, but to signify my determination; when I was interrupted by the entrance of Mr. Venables. His.

manner

manner was changed. His views on my uncle's fortune made him averfe to my quitting his houfe, or he would, I am convinced, have been glad to have shaken off even the slight restraint my presence imposed on him; the restraint of showing me some respect. So far from having an affection for me, he really hated me, because he was convinced that I must despite him.

"He told me, that, 'As I now had had time to cool and reflect, he did not doubt but that my prudence, and nice fense of propriety, would lead me to overlook what was passed.'

"' Reflection,' I replied, ' had only confirmed my purpose, and no power on earth could divert me from it.'

"Endeavouring to assume a foothing voice and look, when he would willingly have tortured me, to force me to

feel

feel his power, his countenance had an infernal expression, when he desired me; 'Not to expose myself to the fervants; by obliging him to confine me in my apartment; if then I would give my promise not to quit the house precipitately, I should be free—and—.' I declared, interrupting him, 'that I would promise nothing. I had no measures to keep with him—I was resolved, and would not condescend to subterfuge.'

"He muttered, 'that I should foon repent of these preposterous airs;' and, ordering tea to be carried into my little study, which had a communication with my bed-chamber, he once more locked the door upon me, and left me to my own meditations. I had passively followed him up stairs, not wishing to fatigue myself with unavailing exertion.

"Nothing calms the mind like a

fixed purpose. I felt as if I had heaved a thousand weight from my heart; the atmosphere feemed lightened; and, if I execrated the inflitutions of fociety, which thus enable men to tyrannize over women, it was almost a disinterested sentiment. I difregarded present inconveniences, when my mind had done ftruggling with itfelf,-when reafon and inclination had shaken hands. and were at peace. I had no longer the cruel task before me, in endless perfpective, aye, during the tedious for ever of life, of labouring to overcome my repugnance-of labouring to extinguish the hopes, the maybes of a lively imagination. Death I had hailed as my only chance for deliverance; but, while existence had still fo many charms, and life promifed happiness, I shrunk from the icy arms of an unknown tyrant, though far more inviting than those of the man, to whom I supposed myself bound without any other alternative; and was content to linger a little longer, waiting for I knew not what, rather than leave 'the warm precincts of the cheerful day,' and all the unenjoyed affection of my nature.

"My prefent fituation gave a new turn to my reflection; and I wondered (now the film feemed to be withdrawn, hat obfeured the piercing fight of reafon) how I could, previoufly to the deciding outrage, have confidered myfelf as everlaftingly united to vice and folly! 'Had an evil genius caft a fpell at my birth; or a demon flalked out of chaos, to perplex my underflanding, and enchain my will, with delufive prejudices?'

[&]quot; I purfued this train of thinking; it led

led me out of myfelf, to expatiate on the mifery peculiar to my fex. 'Are not,' I thought, 'the defpots for ever fligmatized, who, in the wantonnefs of power, commanded even the most atrocious criminals to be chained to dead bodies?' though furely those laws are much more inhuman, which forge adamantine fetters to bind minds together, that never can mingle in focial communion! What indeed can equal the wretchedness of that state, in which there is no alternative, but to extinguish the affections, or encounter indamy?'

CHAP.

CHAP, XII.

"Towards midnight Mr. Venables entered my chamber; and, with calm audacity preparing to go to bed, he bade me make hafte, ' for that was the best place for husbands and wives to end their differences.' He had been drinking plentifully to aid his courage.

" I did not at first deign to reply. But perceiving that he affected to take my filence for confent, I told him that, ' If he would not go to another bed, or allow me, I should fit up in my study all night.' He attempted to pull me into the chamber, half joking. But I refifted; and, as he had determined not to give me any reason for saving that he used violence, after a few more ef-

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forts, he retired, curfing my obstinacy, to bed.

"I fat mufing fome time longer; then, throwing my cloak around me, prepared for fleep on a fopha. And, fo fortunate feemed my deliverance, fo facred the pleafure of being thus wrapped up in myfelf, that I flept profoundly, and woke with a mind composed to encounter the struggles of the day. Mr. Venables did not wake till fome hours after: and then he came to me halfdreffed, yawning and ftretching, with haggard eyes, as if he fcarcely recollected what had paffed the preceding evening. He fixed his eyes on me for a moment, then, calling me a fool, asked 'How long I intended to continue this pretty farce? For his part, he was devilish fick of it; but this was the plague of marrying women who pretended to know fomething.'

" I made

"I made no other reply to this harangue, than to fay, 'That he ought to be glad to get rid of a woman fo unfit to be his companion—and that any change in my conduct would be mean diffigulation; for maturer reflection only gave the facred feal of reason to my first resolution."

"He looked as if he could have flamped with impatience, at being obliged to ftifle his rage; but, conquering his anger (for weak people, whofe pations feem the moft ungovernable, reftrain them with the greatest ease, when they have a fufficient motive), he exclaimed, 'Very pretty, upon my foul! very pretty, theatrical flourishes! Pray, fair Roxana, stoop from your altitudes, and remember that you are acting a part in real life.'

"He uttered this fpeech with a felf-F 2 fatisfied fatisfied air, and went down flairs to drefs.

" In about an hour he came to me again; and in the fame tone faid, 'That he came as my gentleman-ufher to hand me down to breakfaft.'

" Of the black rod?' afked I.

"This question, and the tone in which I asked it, a little disconcerted him. To say the truth, I now felt no resentment; my firm resolution to free myself from my ignoble thraidom, had absorbed the various emotions which, during fix years, had racked my soul. The duty pointed out by my principles feemed clear; and not one tender feeling intruded to make me swerve. The dissile which my husband had inspired was strong; but it only led me to wish to avoid, to wish to let him drop out of my memory; there was no missey, no torture

torture that I would not deliberately have chosen, rather than renew my lease of servitude.

"During the breakfast, he attempted to reason with me on the folly of romantic fentiments; for this was the indiscriminate epithet he gave to every mode of conduct or thinking fuperior to his own. He afferted, 'that all the world were governed by their own interest; those who pretended to be actuated by different motives, were only deeper knaves, or fools crazed by books, who took for gospel all the rodomantade nonfense written by men who knew nothing of the world. For his part, he thanked God, he was no hypocrite; and, if he stretched a point fometimes, it was always with an intention of paying every man his own.'

"He then artfully infinuated, 'that

he daily expected a vessel to arrive, a fuccessful speculation, that would make him easy for the present, and that he had feveral other schemes actually depending, that could not fail. He had no doubt of becoming rich in a few years, though he had been thrown back by fome unlucky adventures at the fetting out.'

"I mildly replied, 'That I wished he might not involve himfelf still deeper.'

" He had no notion that I was governed by a decifion of judgment, not to be compared with a mere fourt of refentment. He knew not what it was to feel indignation against vice, and often boafted of his placable temper, and readiness to forgive injuries. True; for he only confidered the being deceived, as an effort of skill he had not guarded against; and then, with a cant of of candour, would observe, 'that he did not know how he might himfelf have been tempted to act in the fame circumstances.' And, as his heart never opened to friendship, it never was wounded by difappointment. Every new acquaintance he protested, it is true, was ' the cleverest fellow in the world;' and he really thought fo; till the novelty of his conversation or manners ceafed to have any effect on his fluggish spirits. His respect for rank or fortune was more permanent, though he chanced to have no defign of availing himfelf of the influence of either to promote his own views.

" After a prefatory conversation,-my blood (I thought it had been cooler) flushed over my whole countenance as he fpoke-he alluded to my fituation. He defired me to reflect- and act like a prudent

F 4

a prudent woman, as the best proof of my fuperior understanding; for he must own I had fenfe, did I know how to use it. I was not,' he laid a stress on his words, 'without my passions; and a husband was a convenient cloke.-He was liberal in his way of thinking; and why might not we, like many other married people, who were above vulgar prejudices, tacitly confent to let each other follow their own inclination?-He meant nothing more, in the letter I made the ground of complaint; and the pleasure which I seemed to take in Mr. S.'s company, led him to conclude, that he was not difagreeable to me.

" A clerk brought in the letters of the day, and I, as I often did, while he was discussing subjects of business, went to the piano forte, and began to

play

play a favourite air to reflore myfelf, as it were, to nature, and drive the fophisticated fentiments I had just been obliged to liften to, out of my foul.

"They had excited fenfations fimilar to thofe I have felt, in viewing the fqualid inhabitants of fome of the lanes and back ftreets of the metropolis, mortified at being compelled to confider them as my fellow-creatures, as if an ape had claimed kindred with me. Or, as when furrounded by a mephitical fog, I have withed to have a volley of cannon fired, to clear the incumbered atmosphere, and give me room to breathe and move.

"My fpirits were all in arms, and I played a kind of extemporary prelude. The cadence was probably wild and impaffioned, while, loft in thought, I

made

made the founds a kind of echo to my train of thinking.

" Pauling for a moment, I met Mr. Venables' eyes. He was observing me with an air of conceited fatisfaction, as much as to fav- 'My last infinuation has done the bufinefs-fhe begins to know her own interest.' Then gathering up his letters, he faid, 'That he hoped he should hear no more romantic fluff, well enough in a mifs just come from boarding school;' and went, as was his cuftom, to the counting-house. I still continued playing; and, turning to a fprightly leffon, I executed it with uncommon vivacity. I heard footsteps approach the door, and was foon convinced that Mr. Venables was liftening; the confcioufness only gave more animation to my fingers. He went down into the kitchen

chen, and the cook, probably by his defire, came to me, to know what I would please to order for dinner. Mr. Venables came into the parlour again, with apparent carelessness. I perceived that the cunning man was over-reaching himself; and I gave my directions as usual, and left the room.

"While I was making fome alteration in my dres, Mr. Venables peeped in, and, begging my pardon for interrupting me, difappeared. I took up fome work (I could not read); and two or three meffages were fent to me, probably for no other purpose, but to enable Mr. Venables to ascertain what I was about.

" I liftened whenever I heard the fireet-door open; at last I imagined I could diffinguish Mr. Venables' step, going out. I laid aside my work; my

heart

heart palpitated; still I was afraid haftily to enquire; and I waited a long half hour, before I ventured to ask the boy whether his mafter was in the counting-house?

" Being answered in the negative, I bade him call me a coach, and collecting a few necessaries haftily together, with a little parcel of letters and papers which I had collected the preceding evening, I hurried into it, defiring the coachman to drive to a distant part of the town.

" I almost feared that the coach would break down before I got out of the ffreet; and, when I turned the corner, I feemed to breathe a freer air. I was ready to imagine that I was rifing above the thick atmosphere of earth; or I felt, as wearied fouls might be fup-

posed

posed to feel on entering another state of existence.

- " I flopped at one or two flands of coaches to elude purfuit, and then drove round the skirts of the town to feek for an obfcure lodging, where I wished to remain concealed, till I could avail myself of my uncle's protection. I had refolved to affume my own name immediately, and openly to avow my determination, without any formal vindication, the moment I had found a home, in which I could rest free from the daily alarm of expecting to fee Mr. Venables enter.
- " I looked at feveral lodgings; but finding that I could not, without a reference to fome acquaintance, who might inform my tyrant, get admittance into a decent apartment-men have not all this trouble-I thought of a woman

a woman whom I had affifted to furnish a little haberdasher's shop, and who I knew had a first sloor to let.

" I went to her, and though I could not perfuade her, that the quarrel between me and Mr. Venables would never be made up, still she agreed to conceal me for the prefent; yet affuring me at the fame time, shaking her head, that, when a woman was once married, fhe must bear every thing. Her pale face, on which appeared a thoufand haggard lines and delving wrinkles, produced by what is emphatically termed fretting, inforced her remark; and I had afterwards an opportunity of observing the treatment the had to endure, which grizzled her into patience. She toiled from morning till night; yet her hufband would rob the till, and take away the money re-

ferved

ferved for paying bills; and, returning home drunk, he would beat her if the chanced to offend him, though the had a child at the breat.

"These scenes awoke me at night; and, in the morning, I heard her, as usual, talk to her dear Johnny—he, forsooth, was her master; no slave in the West Indies had one more despotic; but fortunately she was of the true Russian breed of wives.

"My mind, during the few past days, feemed, as it were, difengaged from my body; but, now the struggle was over, I felt very forcibly the effect which perturbation of spirits produces on a woman in my situation.

"The apprehension of a miscarriage, obliged me to confine myself to my apartment near a fortnight; but I wrote to my uncle's friend for money, promising promifing ' to call on him, and explain my fituation, when I was well enough to go out; mean time I earneftly interacted him, not to mention my place of abode to any one, left my hufband—fuch the law confidered him—fhould diffurb the mind he could not conquer. I mentioned my intention of fetting out for Lifbon, to claim my uncle's protection, the moment my health would permit.'

"The tranquillity however, which I was recovering, was foon interrupted. My landlady came up to me one day, with eyes fwollen with weeping, unable to utter what she was commanded to fay. She declared, 'That she was never fo miferable in her life; that she must appear an ungrateful monster; and that she would readily go down on her knees to me, to intreat

me to forgive her, as she had done to her husband to spare her the cruel task.' Sobs prevented her from proceeding, or answering my impatient enquiries, to know what she meant.'

"When she became a little more composed, she took a newspaper out of fer pocket, declaring, 'that her heart fer pocket, declaring, 'that her heart fmote her, but what could she do?—she must obey her husband.' I snatched the paper from her. An advertisement quickly met my eye, purporting, that 'Maria Venables had, without any assignable cause, absconded from her husband; and any person harbouring her, was menaced with the utmost severity of the law.'

"Perfectly acquainted with Mr. Venables' meanness of foul, this step did not excite my surprise, and scarcely my contempt. Refentment in my Vol. II. G breast,

breaft, never furvived love. I bade the poor woman, in a kind tone, wipe her eyes, and request her husband to come up, and speak to me himself.

"My manner awed him. He refpected a lady, though not a woman; and began to mutter out an apology.

"" Mr. Venables was a rich gentleman; he wished to oblige me, but he had fuffered enough by the law already, to tremble at the thought; besides, for certain, we should come together again, and then even I should not thank him for being accessary to keeping us afunder.—A husband and wife were, God knows, just as one,—and all would come round at last." He uttered a drawling 'Hem!' and then with an arch look, added—'Master might have had his little frolics—but —Lord

—I.ord blefs your heart!—men would be men while the world ftands.'

"To argue with this privileged firstborn of reason, I perceived, would be vain. I therefore only requested him to let me remain another day at his house, while I fought for a lodging; and not to inform Mr. Venables that I had ever been sheltered there.

"He confented, because he had not the courage to refuse a person for whom he had an habitual respect; but I heard the pent-up choler burst forth in curses, when he met his wise, who was waiting impatiently at the foot of the stairs, to know what effect my exposulations would have on him.

"Without wasting any time in the fruitless indulgence of vexation, I once more set out in search of an abode in G 2 which

which I could hide myfelf for a few weeks.

"Agreeing to pay an exorbitant price, I hired an apartment, without any reference being required relative to my character: indeed, a glance at my shape seemed to fay, that my motive for concealment was sufficiently obvious. Thus was I obliged to shroud my head in infamy.

"To avoid all danger of detection— I ufe the appropriate word, my child, for I was hunted out like a felon—I determined to take possession of my new lodgings that very evening.

"I did not inform my landlady where I was going. I knew that fhe had a fincere affection for me, and would willingly have run any rifk to fhow her gratitude; yet I was fully convinced, that a few kind words from

Johnny

Johnny would have found the woman in her, and her dear benefactrefs, as the termed me in an agony of tears, would have been facrificed, to recompense her tyrant for condescending to treat her like an equal. He could be kind-hearted, as she expressed it, when he pleased. And this thawed sternness, contrasted with his habitual brutality, was the more acceptable, and could not be purchased at too dear a rate.

"The fight of the advertisement made me defirous of taking refuge with my uncle, let what would be the confequence; and I repaired in a hackney coach (afraid of meeting some person who might chance to know me, had I walked) to the chambers of my uncle's friend.

" He received me with great polite-G 3 ness nefs (my uncle had already prepoffeffed him in my favour), and liftened, with interest, to my explanation of the motives which had induced me to fly from home, and skulk in obscurity, with all the timidity of fear that ought only to be the companion of guilt. He lamented, with rather more gallantry than, in my fituation, I thought delicate, that fuch a woman should be thrown away on a man infenfible to the charms of beauty or grace. He feemed at a lofs what to advife me to do, to evade my hufband's fearch, without hastening to my uncle, whom, he hefitating faid, I might not find alive. He uttered this intelligence with visible regret; requested me, at least, to wait for the arrival of the next packet; offered me what money I wanted, and promifed to vifit me.

"He kept his word; fill no letter arrived to put an end to my painful flate of fuspense. I procured some books and music, to beguile the tedious solitary days.

· Come, ever fmiling Liberty,

. And with thee bring thy jocund train:'

I fung—and fung till, faddened by the firain of joy, I bitterly lamented the fate that deprived me of all focial pleafure. Comparative liberty indeed I had possessed myself of; but the jocund train lagged far behind!

CHAP. XIII.

"By watching my only vifitor, my uncle's friend, or by fome other means, Mr. Venables difcovered my refidence, and came to enquire for me. The maid-fervant affured him there was no fuch perfon in the houfe. A buftle enfued—I caught the alarm—liftened—diftinguished his voice, and immediately locked the door. They fuddenly grew fill; and I waited near a quarter of an hour, before I heard him open the parlour door, and mount the flairs with the miftrefs of the houfe, who obsequiously declared that she knew nothing of me.

"Finding my door locked, fhe requested me to 'open it, and prepare to

go home with my husband, poor gentleman! to whom I had already occafioned fufficient vexation.' I made no
reply. Mr. Venables then, in an affumed tone of foftness, intreated me,
' to consider what he fuffered, and my
own reputation, and get the better of
childish refentment.' He ran on in
the same strain, pretending to address
me, but evidently adapting his discourse to the capacity of the landlady;
who, at every pause, uttered an exclamation of pity; or 'Yes, to be sure—
Very true, sir.'

"Sick of the farce, and perceiving that I could not avoid the hated interview, I opened the door, and he entered. Advancing with eafy affurance to take my hand, I fhrunk from his touch, with an involuntary flart, as I should have done from a noifome reptile,

with more difgust than terror. His conductress was retiring, to give us, as she faid, an opportunity to accommodate matters. But I bade her come in, or I would go out; and curiofity impelled her to obey me.

"Mr. Venables began to expostulate; and this woman, proud of his confidence, to second him. But I calmly filenced her, in the midst of a vulgar harangue, and turning to him, asked, 'Why he vainly tormented me? declaring that no power on earth should force me back to his house.'

"After a long altercation, the particulars of which, it would be to no purpose to repeat, he left the room. Some time was spent in loud conversation in the parlour below, and I discovered that he had brought his friend, an attorney, with him. * * The tumult on the landing place, brought out a gentleman, who had recently taken apartments in the houfe; he enquired why I was thus affailed*? The voluble attorney infantly repeated the trite tale. The firanger turned to me, observing,

* The introduction of Darnford as the deliverer of Maria, in an early flage of the hiftory, is already flated (Chap. HII.) to have been an after-thought of the author. This has probably caused the imperfectness of the manuscript in the above passage; though, at the same time, it must be aeknowledged to be somewhat uncertain, whether Darnford is the stranger intended in this place. It appears from Chap. XVII, that an interference of a more decisive nature was designed to be attributed to him.

with

4

with the most foothing politeness and manly interest, that 'my countenance told a very different story.' He added, 'that I should not be insulted, or forced out of the house, by any body.'
"'Not by her husband?' asked the attorney.

"'No, fir, not by her hufband.' Mr. Venables advanced towards him—But there was a decifion in his attitude, that fo well feconded that of his voice,

* * * They left the house: at the same time protesting, that any one that should dare to protect me, should be prosecuted with the utmost rigour.

"They were fearcely out of the house, when my landlady came up to me again, and begged my pardon, in a very different tone. For, though Mr. Venables had bid her, at her peril, harbour me, he had not attended, I found, to her broad hints, to difcharge the lodging. I inflantly promifed to pay her, and make her a prefent to compenfate for my abrupt departure, if the would precure me another lodging, at a fufficient diffance; and the, in return, repeating Mr. Venables' plaufible tale, I raifed her indignation, and excited her fympathy, by telling her briefly the truth.

"She expressed her commiscration with such honest warmth, that I selt foothed; for I have none of that fastidious sensitiveness, which a vulgar accent or gesture can alarm to the difregard of real kindness. I was ever glad to perceive in others the humane seelings I delighted to exercise; and the recollection of some ridiculous characteristic.

teristic circumstances, which have occurred in a moment of emotion, has convulfed me with laughter, though at the inflant I should have thought it facrilegious to have fmiled. Your improvement, my dearest girl, being ever present to me while I write, I note these feelings, because women, more accustomed to observe manners than actions, are too much alive to ridicule. So much fo, that their boafted fenfibility is often stifled by false delicacy. True fenfibility, the fenfibility which is the auxiliary of virtue, and the foul of genius, is in fociety fo occupied with the feelings of others, as scarcely to regard its own fenfations. With what reverence have I looked up at my uncle, the dear parent of my mind! when I have feen the fenfe of his own fufferings, of mind and body, abforbed

in a defire to comfort thofe, whose miffortunes were comparatively trivial. He would have been ashamed of being as indulgent to himself, as he was to others. 'Genuine fortitude,' he would assert, 'consisted in governing our own emotions, and making allowance for the weaknesses in our friends, that we would not tolerate in ourselves.' But where is my fond regret leading me!

"" Women must be submissive,' faid my landlady. 'Indeed what could most women do? Who had they to maintain them, but their husbands? Every woman, and especially a lady, could not go through rough and smooth, as she had done, to earn a little bread.'

"She was in a talking mood, and proceeded to inform me how she had been used in the world. 'She knew what

what it was to have a bad hufband, or fhe did not know who fhould. I perceived that fhe would be very much mortified, were I not to attend to her tale, and I did not attempt to interrupt her, though I wifhed her, as foon as possible, to go out in fearch of a new abode for me, where I could once more hide my head.

"She began by telling me, "That the had faved a little money in fervice; and was over-perfuaded (we must all be in love once in our lives) to marry a likely man, a footman in the family, not worth a groat. My plan," the continued, 'was to take a house, and let out lodgings; and all went on well, till my hutband got acquainted with an impudent slut, who chose to live on other people's means—and then all went to rack and ruin. He ran in debt

debt to buy her fine clothes, fuch clothes as I never thought of wearing myfelf, and—would you believe it?—he figned an execution on my very goods, bought with the money I worked to hard to get; and they came and took my bed from under me, before I heard a word of the matter. Aye, madam, thefe are misfortunes that you gentiefolks know nothing of;—but forrow is forrow, let it come which way it will.

"I fought for a fervice again—very hard, after having a house of my own!—but he used to follow me, and kick up fuch a riot when he was drunk, that I could not keep a place; nay, he even fiole my clothes, and pawned them; and when I went to the pawnbroker's, and offered to take my oath that they were not bought with a farthing of his Vol. II.

money, they faid, 'It was all as one, my hufband had a right to whatever I had.'

"* At last he listed for a foldier, and I took a house, making an agreement to pay for the furniture by degrees; and I almost starved myself, till I once more got before-hand in the world.

"After an absence of fix years (God forgive me! I thought he was dead) my husband returned; found me out, and came with such a penitent face, I forgave him, and clothed him from head to foot. But he had not been a week in the house, before some of his creditors arrested him; and, he felling my goods, I found myself once more reduced to beggary; for I was not as well able to work, go to bed late, and rife early, as when I quitted service; and then I thought it hard enough.

enough. He was foon tired of me, when there was nothing more to be had, and left me again.

"I will not tell you how I was buffeted about, till, hearing for certain that he had died in an hofpital abroad, I once more returned to my old occupation; but have not yet been able to get my head above water: fo, madam, you muft not be angry if I am afraid to ran any rifk, when I know fo well, that women have always the worft of it, when law is to decide.'

"After uttering a few more complaints, I prevailed on my landlady to go out in quest of a lodging; and, to be more fecure, I condescended to the mean shift of changing my name.

"But why should I dwell on fimilar incidents!—I was hunted, like an infected beaft, from three different apartments, and should not have been al-

H 2 lower

lowed to reft in any, had not Mr. Venables, informed of my uncle's dangerous flate of health, been infpired with the fear of hurrying me out of the world as I advanced in my pregnancy, by thus tormenting and obliging me to take fudden journeys to avoid him; and then his fpeculations on my uncle's fortune must prove abortive.

"One day, when he had purfued me to an inn, I fainted, hurrying from him; and, falling down, the fight of my blood alarmed him, and obtained a refpite for me. It is firange that he should have retained any hope, after observing my unwavering determination; but, from the mildness of my behaviour, when I found all my endeavours to change his disposition unavailing, he formed an erroneous opinion of my character, imagining that, were we once more together, I should part with the money he

could not legally force from me, with the fame facility as formerly. My forbearance and occasional sympathy he had mistaken for weakness of character; and, because he perceived that I difliked refiftance, he thought my indulgence and compassion mere felishness, and never discovered that the fear of being unjust, or of unnecessarily wounding the feelings of another, was much more painful to me, than any thing L could have to endure myfelf. Perhaps it was pride which made me imagine, that I could bear what I dreaded to inflist; and that it was often easier to fuffer, than to fee the fufferings of others.

"I forgot to mention that, during this perfecution, I received a letter from my uncle, informing me, ' that he only found relief from continual change of air, and that he intended to H 2 return

return when the fpring was a little more advanced (it was now the middle of February), and then we would plan a journey to Italy, leaving the fogs and cares of England far behind.' He approved of my conduct, promifed to adopt my child, and feemed to have no doubt of obliging Mr. Venables to hear reafon. He wrote to his friend, by the fame poft, defiring him to call on Mr. Venables in his name; and, in confequence of the remonstrances he dictated, I was permitted to lie-in tranquilly.

"The two or three weeks previous, I had been allowed to reft in peace; but, fo accuflomed was I to purfuit and alarm, that I feldom clofed my eyes without being haunted by Mr. Venables' image, who feemed to affume terrific or hateful forms to torment me, wherever

I turned.

I turned.—Sometimes a wild cat, a roaring bull, or hideous affaffin, whom I vainly attempted to fly; at others he was a demon, hurrying me to the brink of a precipice, plunging me into dark wayes, or horrid gulfs; and I woke, in violent fits of trembling anxiety, to affure myfelf that it was all a dream, and to endeavour to lure my waking thoughts to wander to the delightful Italian vales, I hoped foon to vifit; or to picture fome august ruins, where I reclined in fancy on a mouldering column, and escaped, in the contemplation of the heart-enlarging virtues of antiquity, from the turmoil of cares that had depressed all the daring purposes of my foul. But I was not long allowed to calm my mind by the exercife of my imagination; for the third day after your birth, my child, I was H 4

furprifed by a vifit from my elder brother; who came in the most abrupt manner, to inform me of the death of my uncle. He had left the greater part of his fortune to my child, appointing me its guardian; in short, every step was taken to enable me to be mistress of his fortune, without putting any part of it in Mr. Venables' power. My brother came to vent his rage on me, for having, as he expressed himself, 'deprived him, my uncle's eldest nephew, of his inheritance;' though my uncle's property, the fruit of his own exertion, being all in the funds, or on landed fecurities, there was not a shadow of justice in the charge.

"As I fincerely loved my uncle, this intelligence brought on a fever, which I firuggled to conquer with all the

energy of my mind; for, in my defolate state, I had it very much at heart to fuckle you, my poor babe. You feemed my only tie to life, a cherub, to whom I wished to be a father, as well as a mother; and the double duty appeared to me to produce a proportionate increase of affection. But the pleafure I felt, while fuftaining you, fnatched from the wreck of hope, was cruelly damped by melancholy reflections on my widowed flate-widowed by the death of my uncle. Of Mr. Venables I thought not, even when I thought of the felicity of loving your father, and how a mother's pleasure might be exalted, and her care foftened by a husband's tenderness .- ' Ought to be!' I exclaimed; and I endeavoured to drive away the tenderness that fuffo-

cated

cated me; but my fpirits were weak, and the unbidden tears would flow. 'Why was I,' I would ask thee, but thou didft not heed me, - ' cut off from the participation of the sweetest pleafure of life?' I imagined with what extacy, after the pains of child-bed, I thould have prefented my little ftranger, whom I had fo long wished to view, to a respectable father, and with what maternal fondness I should have pressed them both to my heart!-Now I kiffed her with lefs delight, though with the most endearing compassion, poor help. lefs one! when I perceived a flight refemblance of him, to whom the owed her existence; or, if any gesture reminded me of him, even in his best days, my heart heaved, and I preffed the innocent to my bosom, as if to purify

purify it—yes, I blushed to think that its purity had been fullied, by allowing such a man to be its father.

" After my recovery, I began to think of taking a house in the country, or of making an excursion on the continent, to avoid Mr. Venables; and to open my heart to new pleafures and affection. The fpring was melting into fummer, and you, my little companion, began to fmile-that fmile made hope bud out afresh, affuring me the world was not a defert. Your gestures were ever present to my fancy; and I dwelt on the joy I should feel when you would begin to walk and lifp. Watching your wakening mind, and shielding from every rude blast my tender bloffom, I recovered my fpirits-I dreamed not of the froft-

'the killing frost,' to which you were destined to be exposed .- But I lose all patience-and execrate the injustice of the world-folly | ignorance !-- I fhould rather call it; but, thut up from a free circulation of thought, and always pondering on the fame griefs, I writhe under the torturing apprehenfions, which ought to excite only honest indignation, or active compasfion; and would, could I view them as the natural confequence of things. But, born a woman-and born to fuffer, in endeavouring to reprefs my own emotions, I feel more acutely the various ills my fex are fated to bear-I feel that the evils they are fubjest to endure, degrade them for far below their oppressors, as almost to justify their tyranny; leading at the fame

time fuperficial reasoners to term that weakness the cause, which is only the consequence of short-sighted despotism.

CHAP. XIV.

"As my mind grew calmer, the vifions of Italy again returned with their former glow of colouring; and I refolved on quitting the kingdom for a time, in fearch of the cheerfulnefs, that naturally refults from a change of feene, unlefs we carry the barbed arrow with us, and only fee what we feel.

"During the period necessary to prepare for a long absence, I sent a supply to pay my father's debts, and settled my brothers in eligible situations; but my attention was not wholly engrossed by my family, though I do not think it necessary to enumerate the common exertions of huma-

nity. The manner in which my uncle's property was fettled, prevented me from making the addition to the fortune of my furviving fifter, that I could have wished; but I had prevailed on him to bequeath her two thousand pounds, and she determined to marry a lover, to whom she had been fome time attached. Had it not been for this engagement, I should have invited her to accompany me in my tour; and I might have escaped the pit, so artfully dug in my path, when I was the least aware of danger.

"I had thought of remaining in England, till I weaned my child; but this state of freedom was too peaceful to last, and I had foon reason to wish to hasten my departure. A friend of Mr. Venables, the same attorney who had accompanied him in several excur-

fions

fions to hunt me from my hiding places, waited on me to propofe a reconciliation. On my refufal, he indirectly advifed me to make over to my hufband-for hufband he would term him-the greater part of the property I had at command, menacing me with continual perfecution unless I complied, and that, as a last refort, he would claim the child. I did not. though intimidated by the last infinuation, fcruple to declare, that I would not allow him to fquander the money left to me for far different purpofes, but offered him five hundred pounds, if he would fign a bond not to torment me any more. My maternal anxiety made me thus appear to waver from my first determination, and probably fuggefted to him, or his diabolical

agent

agent, the infernal plot, which has fucceeded but too well.

"The bond was executed; fill! I was impatient to leave England. Mifchief hung in the air when we breath ed the fame; I wanted feas to divide us, and waters to roll between, till he had forgotten that I had the means of helping him through a new feheme. Diffurbed by the late occurrences, I infantly prepared for my departure. My only delay was waiting for almaid-fervant, who fpoke French fluently, and had been warmly recommended to me. A valet I was advifed to hire, when I fixed on my place of refidence for any time.

"My God, with what a light heart did I fet out for Dover!—It was not my country, but my cares, that I was leaving behind. My heart feemed to

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bound with the wheels, or rather appeared the centre on which they twirled. I clasped you to my bosom, exelaiming 'And you will be fafequite fafe-when-we are once on board the packet .- Would we were there!' I fmiled at my idle fears, as the natural effect of continual alarm: and I fcarcely owned to myfelf that I dreaded Mr. Venables's cunning, or was confcious of the horrid delight he would feel, at forming stratagem after stratagem to circumvent me. I was already in the fnare-I never reached the packet-I never faw thee more. -I grow breathless. I have scarcely patience to write down the details. The maid-the plaufible woman I had hired-put, doubtlefs, fome flupifying potion in what I ate or drank, the morning I left town. All I know is,

that she must have quitted the chaise, shameles wretch! and taken (from my breast) my babe with her. How could a creature in a semale form see me cares thee, and seal thee from my arms! I must stop, stop to repress a mother's anguist; left, in bitterness of soul, I imprecate the wrath of heaven on this tiger, who tore my only comfort from me.

"How long I flept I know not; certainly many hours, for I woke at the close of day, in a strange confusion of thought. I was probably roused to recollection by some one thundering at a huge, unwieldy gate. Attempting to ask where I was, my voice died away, and I tried to raise it in vain, as I have done in a dream. Hooked for my babe with affright; feared that it had fallen out of my lap, while I had so strange-

I 2

ly forgotten her; and, fuch was the vague intoxication, I can give it no other name, in which I was plunged, I could not recoffeet when or where I last faw you; but I fighed, as if my heart wanted room to clear my head.

" The gates opened heavily, and the fullen found of many locks and and bolts drawn back, grated on my very foul, before I was appalled by the creeking of the difmal hinges, as they closed after me. The gloomy pile was before me, half in ruins; fome of the aged trees of the avenue were eut down, and left to rot where they fell; and as we approached fome mouldering steps, a monstrous dog darted forwards to the length of his chain, and barked and growled infernally.

" The door was opened flowly, and a mura murderous vifage peeped out, with a lantern. 'Hush!' he uttered, in a threatning tone, and the affrighted animal stole back to his kennel. The door of the chaife flew back, the ftranger put down the lantern, and clasped his dreadful arms around me. It was certainly the effect of the foporific draught, for, instead of exerting my fitength, I funk without motion, though not without fenfe, on his shoulder, my limbs refusing to obey my will. I was carried up the steps into a close-shut hall. A candle flaring in the focket, fcarcely difperfed the darknefs, though it difplayed to me the ferocious countenance of the wretch who held me.

"He mounted a wide fiaircafe.

Large figures painted on the walls fremed to flart on me, and glaring

4 3 cycs

eyes to meet me at every turn. Entering a long gallery, a difmal shrick made me spring out of my conductor's arms, with I know not what mysterious emotion of terror; but I fell on the floor, unable to sustain myself.

"A firange-looking female flarted out of one of the recesses, and observed me with more curiofity than interest; till, sternly bid retire, she flitted back like a shadow. Other faces, strongly marked, or distorted, peeped through the half-opened doors, and I heard some incoherent sounds. I had no distinct idea where I could be—I looked on all sides, and almost doubted whether I was alive or dead.

"Thrown on a bed, I immediately funk into infenfibility again; and next day, gradually recovering the use of reason, I began, starting affrighted

from

eH. XIV.

from the conviction, to discover where I was confined—I insisted on seeing the master of the mansion—I saw him—and perceived that I was buried alive.—

"Such, my child, are the events of thy mother's life to this dreadful moment—Should the ever escape from the fangs of her enemies, she will add the secrets of her prison-house—and—"

Some lines were here croffed out, and the memoirs broke off abruptly with the names of Jemima and Darnford.

APPENDIX.

[ADVERTISEMENT.

THE performance, with a fragment of which the reader has now been prefented, was defigned to confift of three parts. The preceding fleets were confidered as conflituting one of those parts. Those perfons who in the perusal of the chapters, already written and in some degree sinished by the author,

thor, have felt their hearts awakened, and their curiofity excited as to the fequel of the ftory, will, of course, gladly accept even of the broken paragraphs and half-finished fentences, which have been found committed to paper, as materials for the remainder. The fastidious and coldhearted critic may perhaps feel himfelf repelled by the incoherent form in which they are prefented. But an inquifitive temper willingly accepts the most imperfect and mutilated information, where better is not to be had: and readers, who in any degree refemble the author in her quick apprehension of fentiment, and of the pleafures pleafures and pains of imagination, will, I believe, find gratification, in contemplating fletches, which were defigned in a fhort time to have received the finishing touches of her genius; but which must now for ever remain a mark to record the triumphs of mortality, over schemes of usefulness, and projects of public interest.]

CHAP. XV.

DARNFORD returned the memoirs to Maria, with a most affectionate letter, in which he reasoned on " the abfurdity of the laws refpecting matrimony, which, till divorces could be more eafily obtained, was," he declared, "the most insufferable bondage. Ties of this nature could not bind minds governed by fuperior principles; and fuch beings were privileged to act above the dictates of laws they had no voice in framing, if they had fufficient strength of mind to endure the natural confequence. In her cafe, to talk of duty, was a farce, excepting what was due to herfelf. Delicacy, as well as reason, forbade her ever to think of returning

to her husband: was she then to reftrain her charming sensibility through mere prejudice? These arguments were not absolutely impartial, for he distance to conceal, that, when he appealed to her reason, he selt that he had some interest in her heart.—The conviction was not more transporting, than sacred—a thousand times a day, he asked himself how he had merited such happines?—and as often he determined to purify the heart she deigned to inhabit—He intreated to be again admitted to her presence."

He was; and the tear which gliftened in his eye, when he refpectfully preffed her to his bofom, rendered him peculiarly dear to the unfortunate mother. Grief had filled the transport of love, only to render their mutual tenderness more touching. In former interviews,

interviews, Darnford had contrived, by a hundred little pretexts, to fit near her, to take her hand, or to meet her eves-now it was all foothing affection, and efteem feemed to have rivalled love. He adverted to her narrative, and spoke with warmth of the oppresfion the had endured .- His eyes, glowing with a lambent flame, told her how much he wished to restore her to liberty and love; but he kiffed her hand, as if it had been that of a faint; and spoke of the loss of her child, as if it had been his own .- What could have been more flattering to Maria?-Every inftance of felf-denial was registered in her heart, and the loved him, for loving her too well to give way to the transports of passion.

They met again and again; and Darnford declared, while passion suffused fused his cheeks, that he never before knew what it was to love.—

One morning Jemima informed Maria, that her mafter intended to wait on her, and fpeak to her without witnesses. He came, and brought a letter with him, pretending that he was ignorant of its contents, though he infifted on having it returned to him. It was from the attorney already mentioned, who informed her of the death of her child, and hinted, "that she could not now have a legitimate heir, and that, would she make over the half of her fortune during life, the should be conveyed to Dover, and permitted to purfue her plan of travelling."

Maria answered with warmth, "That she had no terms to make with the murderer of her babe, nor would

she purchase liberty at the price of her own respect."

She began to expostulate with her jailor; but he sternly bade her "Be silent—he had not gone so far, not to go further."

Darnford came in the evening. Jemima was obliged to be abfent, and the, as ufual, locked the door on them, to prevent interruption or difcovery.—
The lovers were, at first, embarrassed; but fell insensibly into considential discourse. Darnford represented, "that they might soon be parted," and wished her "to put it out of the power of fate to separate them."

As her husband she now received him, and he solemuly pledged himself as her protector—and eternal friend.—

There was one peculiarity in Maria's mind: fhe was more anxious not to deceive, than to guard against de-

ception;

ception; and had rather trust without fufficient reason, than be for ever the prev of doubt. Befides, what are we, when the mind has, from reflection, a certain kind of elevation, which exalts the contemplation above the little concerns of prudence b We fee what we with, and make a world of our ownand, though reality may fometimes open a door to mifery, yet the moments of happiness procured by the imagination, may, without a paradox, be reckoned among the folid comforts of life. Maria now, imagining that she had found a being of celeffial mould-was happy, -nor was the deceived .- He was then plaffic in her impaffioned hand-and reflected all the fentiments which animated and warmed her - - -

ob limings bing of mail of CHAP.

CHAP. XVI.

ONE morning confusion seemed to reign in the house, and Jemima came in terror, to inform Maria, " that her master had left it, with a determination, she was affured (and too many circumstances corroborated the opinion, to leave a doubt of its truth) of never returning. I am prepared then," said Jemima, " to accompany you in your flight."

Maria started up, her eyes darting towards the door, as if afraid that some one should fasten it on her for ever.

Jemima continued, "I have perhaps no right now to expect the performance of your promife; but on you

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it depends to reconcile me with the human race."

"But Darnford!"—exclaimed Maria, mournfully—fitting down again, and croffing her arms—"I have no child to go to, and liberty has loft its fweets."

"I am much missaken, if Darnford is not the cause of my master's slight—his keepers assure me, that they have promised to consine him two days longer, and then he will be free—you cannot see him; but they will give a letter to him the moment he is free.—In that inform him where he may find you in London; fix on some hotel. Give me your clothes; I will send them out of the house with mine, and we will slip out at the garden-gate. Write your letter while I make these arrangements, but lose no time!"

In

In an agitation of spirit, not to be calmed, Maria began to write to Darnford. She called him by the facred name of "husband," and bade him "hasten to her, to share her fortune, or she would return to him."—An hotel in the Adelphi was the place of rendezvous.

The letter was fealed and given in charge; and with light footsteps, yet terrified at the found of them, she defeended, scarcely breathing, and with an indiffinct fear that she should never get out at the garden gate. Jemima went first.

A being, with a vifage that would have fuited one possessed by a devil, croffed the path, and seized Maria by the arm. Maria had no fear but of being detained—" Who are you? what are you?" for the form was searcely human. "If you are made of slesh and K2 blood."

blood," his ghaftly eyes glared on her,

" do not ftop me!"

" Woman," interrupted a fepulchral voice, " what have I to do with thee?" -Still he grafped her hand, muttering a curfe.

" No, no; you have nothing to do with me," fhe exclaimed, "this is a moment of life and death!"-

With fupernatural force fhe broke from him, and, throwing her arms round Jemima, cried, " Save me!" The being, from whose grasp she had loosed herfelf, took up a ftone as they opened the door, and with a kind of hellish fport threw it after them. They were out of his reach.

When Maria arrived in town, she drove to the hotel already fixed on. But fhe could not fit ftill-her child was ever before her; and all that had paffed dur-

ing her confinement, appeared to be a dream. She went to the house in the fuburbs, where, as she now discovered. her babe had been fent. The moment the entered, her heart grew fick; but the wondered not that it had proved its grave. She made the necessary enquiries, and the church-yard was pointed out, in which it rested under a turf. A little frock which the nurse's child wore (Maria had made it herfelf) caught her eye. The nurfe was glad to fell it for half-a-guinea, and Maria hastened away with the relic, and, reentering the hackney-coach which waited for her, gazed on it, till she reached her hotel.

She then waited on the attorney who had made her uncle's will, and explained to him her fituation. He readily advanced her fome of the money K 3 which

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which still remained in his hands, and promifed to take the whole of the cafe into confideration. Maria only wished to be permitted to remain in quiet-She found that feveral bills, apparently with her fignature, had been prefented to her agent, nor was the for a moment at a loss to guess by whom they had been forged; yet, equally averfe to threaten or intreat, fhe requested her friend [the folicitor] to call on Mr. Venables. He was not to be found at home; but at length his agent, the attorney, offered a conditional promife to Maria, to leave her in peace, as long as fhe behaved with propriety, if she would give up the notes. Maria inconfiderately confented-Darnford was arrived, and she wished to be only alive to love; the wished to forget the anguish she felt whenever she thought of her child.

They took a ready-furnished lodging together, for the was above difguife; Jemima infifting on being confidered as her house-keeper, and to receive the customary stipend. On no other terms would the remain with her friend.

Darnford was indefatigable in tracing the mysterious circumstances of his confinement. The cause was simply, that a relation, a very distant one, to whom he was heir, had died inteftate, leaving a confiderable fortune. On the news of Darnford's arrival fin England, a perfon, intrufted with the management of the property, and who had the writings in his poffession, determining, by one bold ftroke, to ffrip Darnford of the fuccession,] had planned his confinement; and [as foon as he had taken the measures he

K A

judged

judged most conducive to his object, this ruffian, together with his inftrument,7 the keeper of the private madhouse, left the kingdom. Darnford, who fill purfued his enquiries, at last discovered that they had fixed their place of refuge at Paris.

Maria and he determined therefore, with the faithful Jemima, to visit that metropolis, and accordingly were preparing for the journey, when they were informed that Mr. Venables had commenced an action against Darnford for feduction and adultery. The indignation Maria felt cannot be explained; fhe repented of the forbearance she had exercifed in giving up the notes. Darnford could not put off his journey, without risking the loss of his property: Maria therefore furnished him with money for his expedition; and determined to remain in London till the termina-

She vifited fome ladies with whom the had formerly been intimate, but was refused admittance; and at the opera, or Ranelagh, they could not recollect her. Among there ladies there were fome, not her most intimate acquaintance, who were generally fupposed to avail themselves of the cloke of marriage, to conceal a mode of conduct, that would for ever have damned their fame, had they been innocent, feduced girls. These particularly stood aloof .- Had the remained with her hufband, practifing infincerity, and neglecting her child to manage an intrigue, she would still have been vifited and respected. If, instead of openly living with her lover, fhe could have condescended to call into play a thousand arts, which, degrading her own mind, might have allowed the people who were not deceived, to pretend to be so, she would have been carefied and treated like an honourable woman. "And Brutus* is an honourable man!" said Mark-Antony with equal sincerity.

With Darnford the did not taste uninterrupted felicity; there was a volatility in his manner which often diftressed her; but love gladdened the scene; besides, he was the most tender, sympathizing creature in the world. A fondness for the sex often gives an appearance of humanity to the behaviour of men, who have small pretensions to the reality; and they seem to

^{*} The name in the manuscript is by mistake written Cæsar.

EDITOR.

love others, when they are only purfuing their own gratification. Darnford appeared ever willing to avail himfelf of her tafte and acquirements, while the endeavoured to profit by his decifion of character, and to eradicate some of the romantic notions, which had taken root in her mind, while in adversity she had brooded over visions of protatainable blifs.

The real affections of life, when they are allowed to burst forth, are buds pregnant with joy and all the fweet emotions of the foul; yet they branch out with wild eafe, unlike the artificial forms of felicity, sketched by an imagination painful alive. The substantial happiness, which enlarges and civilizes the mind, may be compared to the pleasure experienced in roving through nature at Jarge, inhaling the fivect

fweet gale natural to the clime; while the reveries of a feverish imagination continually fport themselves in gardens full of aromatic shrubs, which cloy while they delight, and weaken the fense of pleasure they gratify. The heaven of fancy, below or beyond the ftars, in this life, or in those ever-fmiling regions furrounded by the unmarked ocean of futurity, have an infipid uniformity which palls. Poets have imagined fcenes of blifs; but, fencing out forrow, all the extatic emotions of the foul, and even its grandeur, feem to be equally excluded. We dofe over the unruffled lake, and long to fcale the rocks which fence the happy valley of contentment, though ferpents hifs in the pathlefs defert, and danger lurks in the unexplored wiles. Maria found herfelf more indulgent as she was hap-

pier,

pier, and discovered virtues, in characters she had before disregarded, while chasing the phantoms of elegance and excellence, which sported in the meteors that exhale in the marshes of miffortune. The heart is often shut by romance against focial pleasure; and, softering a fickly sensibility, grows callous to the soft touches of humanity.

To part with Darnford was indeed cruel.—It was to feel most painfully alone; but she rejoiced to think, that she should spare him the care and perplexity of the suit, and meet him again, all his own. Marriage, as at present constituted, she considered as leading to immorality—yet, as the odium of fociety impedes usefulness, she wished to avow her affection to Darnford, by becoming his wife according to established rules; not to be consounded with

with women who act from very different motives, though her conduct would be just the fame without the ceremony as with it, and her expectations from him not lefs firm. The being fummoned to defend herfelf from a charge which the was determined to plead guilty to, was still galling, as it roused bitter reflections on the situation of women in fociety.

CHAP.

en, xvII.]

CHAP. XVII.

SUCH was her state of mind when the dogs of law were let loose on her. Maria took the task of conducting Darnford's defence upon herself. She instructed his counsel to plead guilty to the charge of adultery; but to deny that of seduction.

The counsel for the plaintiff opened the cause, by observing, "that his client had ever been an indulgent hufband, and had borne with several defects of temper, while he had nothing criminal to lay to the charge of his wife. But that she left his house without affigning any cause. He could not affert that she was then acquainted with the defendant; yet, when he was

once endeavouring to bring her back to her home, this man put the peaceofficers to flight, and took her he knew not whither. After the birth of her child, her conduct was fo strange, and a melancholy malady having afflicted one of the family, which delicacy forbade the dwelling on, it was necessary to confine her. By fome means the defendant enabled her to make her escape, and they had lived together, in defpite of all fense of order and decorum. The adultery was allowed, it was not neceffary to bring any witnesses to prove it: but the feduction, though highly probable from the circumstances which he had the honour to ftate, could not be fo clearly proved .- It was of the most atrocious kind, as decency was fet at defiance, and respect for reputaact of a rest and a strong tion,

tion, which shows internal compunction, utterly difregarded."

A ftrong fense of injustice had silenced every emotion, which a mixture of true and false delicacy might otherwise have excited in Maria's bosom. She only felt in earnest to insist on the privilege of her nature. The farcasins of society, and the condemnation of a mistaken world, were nothing to her, compared with acting contrary to those feelings which were the foundation of her principles. [She therefore eagerly put herself forward, instead of desiring to be absent, on this memorable occasion.]

Convinced that the fubterfuges of the law were difgraceful, the wrote a paper, which the expressly defired might be read in court:

"Married when fcarcely able to dif-Vor. II. L tinguish

tinguish the nature of the engagement, I vet submitted to the rigid laws which enflave women, and obeyed the man whom I could no longer love. Whether the duties of the flate are reciprocal, I mean not to difcufs; but I can prove repeated infidelities which I overlooked or pardoned. Witneffes are not wanting to establish these facts. I at prefent maintain the child of a maid-fervant, fworn to him, and born after our marriage. I am ready to allow, that education and circumfrances lead men to think and act with lefs delicacy, than the prefervation of order in fociety demands from women; but furely I may without affumption declare, that, though I could excuse the birth, I could not the defertion of this unfortunate babe:-and, while I defpifed the man, it was not eafy to venerate

nerate the hufband. With proper restrictions however, I revere the institution which fraternizes the world. I exclaim against the laws which throw the whole weight of the yoke on the weaker shoulders, and force women, when they claim protectorship as mothers, to fign a contract, which renders them dependent on the caprice of the tyrant, whom choice or necessity has appointed to reign over them. Various are the cases, in which a woman ought to feparate herfelf from her husband; and mine, I may be allowed emphatically to infift, comes under the description of the most aggravated.

"I will not enlarge on those provocations which only the individual can estimate; but will bring forward such charges only, the truth of which is an infult upon humanity. In order to L 2 promote promote certain destructive speculations, Mr. Venables prevailed on me to borrow certain fums of a wealthy relation; and, when I refused further compliance, he thought of bartering my person; and not only allowed opportunities to, but urged, a friend from whom he borrowed money, to feduce me. On the discovery of this act of atrocity, I determined to leave him, and in the most decided manner, for ever. I confider all obligation as made void by his conduct; and hold, that schisms which proceed from want of principles, can never be healed.

" He received a fortune with me to the amount of five thousand pounds. On the death of my uncle, convinced that I could provide for my child, I destroyed the fettlement of that fortune. I required none of my property to be

contend.

returned to me, nor shall enumerate the fums extorted from me during fix years that we lived together.

". After leaving, what the law confiders as my home, I was hunted like a criminal from place to place, though I contracted no debts, and demanded no maintenance-yet, as the laws fanction fuch proceeding, and make women the property of their husbands, I forbear to animadvert. After the birth of my daughter, and the death of my uncle. who left a very confiderable property to myfelf and child, I was exposed to new perfecution; and, because I had, before arriving at what is termed years of diferetion, pledged my faith, I was treated by the world, as bound for ever to a man whose vices were notorious. Yet what are the vices generally known, to the various miseries that a

L3

woman

woman may be fubject to, which, though deeply felt, eating into the foul, elude description, and may be gloffed over! A false morality is even eftablished, which makes all the virtue of women confift in chaftity, fubmiffion, and the forgiveness of injuries.

" I pardon my oppreffor-bitterly as I lament the lofs of my child, torn from me in the most violent manner. But nature revolts, and my foul fickens at the bare fupposition, that it could ever be a duty to pretend affection, when a feparation is necessary to prevent my feeling hourly aversion.

" To force me to give my fortune, I was imprisoned-yes; in a private madhouse.-There, in the heart of misery, I met the man charged with feducing me. We became attached-I deemed, and ever shall deem, myself free. The death

death of my babe diffolved the only tie which fublifted between me and my, what is termed, lawful hufband.

"To this person, thus encountered, I voluntarily gave myfelf, never confidering myfelf as any more bound to transgress the laws of moral puritv, because the will of my husband might be pleaded in my excuse, than to transgress those laws to which [the policy of artificial fociety has] annexed [pofitive] punishments.---While no command of a husband can prevent a woman from fuffering for certain crimes, fhe must be allowed to confult her confcience, and regulate her conduct, in fome degree, by her own fense of right. The respect I owe to myfelf, demanded my ftrict adherence to my determination of never viewing Mr. Venables in the light of a husband, nor could it forbid me from

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encou-

encouraging another. If I am unfortunately united to an unprincipled man, am I for ever to be flut out from fulfilling the duties of a wife and mother?—I wifn my country to approve of my conduct; but, if laws exift, made by the firong to opprefs the weak, I appeal to my own fenfe of juftice, and declare that I will not live with the individual, who has violated every moral obligation which binds man to man.

"I protest equally against any charge being brought to criminate the man, whom I consider as my husband. I was fix-and-twenty when I left Mr. Venables' roof; if ever I am to be supposed to arrive at an age to direct my own actions, I must by that time have arrived at it.—I acted with deliberation.—Mr. Darnford found me a forlorn and oppressed woman, and promised

the protection women in the prefent state of fociety want .- But the man who now claims me-was he deprived of my fociety by this conduct? The question is an infult to common fense, confidering where Mr. Darnford met me.-Mr. Venables' door was indeed open to me-nay, threats and intreaties were used to induce me to return; but why? Was affection or honour the motive?-I cannot, it is true, dive into the receffes of the human heartyet I prefume to affert, [borne out as I am by a variety of circumstances,] that he was merely influenced by the most rapacious avarice.

" I claim then a divorce, and the liberty of enjoying, free from molestation, the fortune left to me by a relation, who was well aware of the character of the man with whom I had to

contend.

contend.—I appeal to the justice and humanity of the jury—a body of men, whose private judgment must be allowed to modify laws, that must be unjust, because definite rules can never apply to indefinite circumstances—and I deprecate punishment [upon the man of my choice, freeing him, as I folemnly do, from the charge of seduction.]

"I did not put myfelf into a fituation to juffify a charge of adultery, till I had, from conviction, shaken off the fetters which bound me to Mr. Venables.—While I lived with him, I defy the voice of calumny to fully what is termed the fair fame of woman.—Neglected by my husband, I never encouraged a lover; and preserved with ferupulous care, what is termed my honour, at the expence of my peace, till he, who should have been its guardian. dian. laid traps to enfnare me. From that moment I believed myfelf, in the fight of heaven, free-and no power on earth shall force me to renounce my refolution."

The judge, in fumming up the evidence, alluded to "the fallacy of letting women plead their feelings, as an excufe for the violation of the marriagevow. For his part, he had always determined to oppose all innovation, and the new-fangled notions which incroached on the good old rules of conduct. We did not want French principles in public or private life-and, if women were allowed to plead their feelings, as an excuse or palliation of infidelity, it was opening a flood-gate for immorality. What virtuous woman thought of her feelings ?- It was her duty to love and obey the man chofen

chosen by her parents and relations, who were qualified by their experience to judge better for her, than she could for herfelf. As to the charges brought against the husband, they were vague, supported by no witnesses, excepting that of imprisonment in a private madhouse. The proofs of an infanity in the family, might render that however a prudent measure; and indeed the conduct of the lady did not appear that of a person of sane mind. Still such a mode of proceeding could not be justified, and might perhaps entitle the lady [in another court] to a fentence of separation from bed and board, during the joint lives of the parties; but he hoped that no Englishman would legalize adultery, by enabling the adulterefs to enrich her feducer. Too many refrictions could not be thrown in the

way of divorces, if we wished to maintain the fanctity of marriage; and, though they might bear a little hard on a few, very few individuals, it was evidently for the good of the whole."

CONCLUSION,

CONCLUSION,

BY THE EDITOR.

VERY few hints exist respecting the plan of the remainder of the work. I find only two detached fentences, and some scattered heads for the continuation of the story. I transcribe the whole.

I.

[&]quot;Darnford's letters were affectionate; but circumftances occasioned delays, and

and the mifcarriage of fome letters rendered the reception of wished-for answers doubtful: his return was necessary to calm Maria's mind."

II.

"As Darnford had informed her that his bufinefs was fettled, his delaying to return feemed extraordinary; but love to excefs, excludes fear or fufpicion."

The feattered heads for the continuation of the flory, are as follow*.

I.

"Trial for adultery-Maria defends herfelf-A feparation from bed and

* To understand these minutes, it is necessary
the reader should consider each of them as setting
out from the same point in the story, wiz, the point
to which it is brought down in the preceding
chapter.

I board

board is the confequence—Her fortune is thrown into chancery—Darnford obtains a part of his property—Maria goes into the country."

H.

"A profecution for adultery commenced—Trial—Darnford fets out for France—Letters—Once more pregnant—He returns—Mysterious behaviour—Vifit—Expectation—Discovery—Interview—Consequence."

III.

"Sued by her husband—Damages awarded to him—Separation from bed and board—Darnford goes abroad—Maria into the country—Provides for her father—Is shunned—Returns to London—Expects to see her lover—

The rack of expectation—Finds herfelf again with child—Delighted—A difcovery—A vifit—A milearriage—Conclusion."

IV.

" Divorced by her hufband—Her lover unfaithful—Pregnancy—Mifear-riage—Suicide."

[The following paffage appears in fome respects to deviate from the preceding hints. It is superferibed],

" THE END.

"She swallowed the laudanum; her foul was calm—the tempest had sub-Vet II. M fidedfided—and nothing remained but an eager longing to forget herfelf—to fly from the anguith fine endured to efcape from thought—from this hell of difappointment.

"Still her eyes closed not-one remembrance with frightful velocity followed another-All the incidents of her life were in arms, embodied to affail her, and prevent her finking into the fleep of death .- Her murdered child again appeared to her, mourning for the babe of which she was the tomb.- 'And could it have a nobler?-Surely it is better to die with me, than to enter on life without a mother's care !- I cannot live !- but could I have deferted my child the moment it was born?-thrown it on the troubled wave of life, without a hand to support it?'-She looked

up: 'What have I not fuffered!—
may I find a father where I am going!'
—Her head turned; a flupor enfued;
a faintnefs—'Have a little patience,'
faid Maria, holding her fwimming
head (fhe thought of her mother),
'this cannot laft long; and what is a
little bodily pain to the pangs I have
endured?'

"A new vision swam before her. Jemima seemed to enter—leading a little creature, that, with tottering sootsteps, approached the bed. The voice of Jemima sounding as at a distance, called her—she tried to listen, to speak, to look!

"" Behold your child! exclaimed Jemima. Maria started off the bed, and fainted.—Violent vomiting followed.

"When she was restored to life, Je-M 2 mima "Maria gazed wildly at her, her whole frame was convulted with emotion; when the child, whom Jemina had been tutoring all the journey, uttered the word 'Mamma!' She caught her to her bosom, and burst into a passion of tears—then, resting the child gently on the bed, as if afraid of killing it,—she put her hand to her eyes, to conceal as it were the agonizing

agonizing struggle of her foul. She remained filent for five minutes, crofting her arms over her bosom, and reclaimed her head,—then exclaimed: 'The consist is over!—I will live for my child!"

A few readers perhaps, in looking over these hints, will wonder how it could have been practicable, without tediousness, or remitting in any degreethe interest of the story, to have filled, from these slight sketches, a number of pages, more considerable than those which have been already presented. But, in reality, these hints, simple as they are, are pregnant with passion and diffress. It is the refuge of barren authors,

thors only, to crowd their fictions with fo great a number of events, as to fuffer no one of them to fink into the reader's mind. It is the province of true genius to develop events, to difcover their capabilities, to afcertain the different passions and fentiments with which they are fraught, and to diverfify them with incidents, that give reality to the picture, and take a hold upon the mind of a reader of taste, from which they can never be loofened. It was particularly the defign of the author, in the prefent instance, to make her story subordinate to a great moral purpose, that " of exhibiting the mifery and oppression, peculiar to women, that arise out of the partial laws and cuftoms of fociety .-This view reftrained her fancy*." It

^{*} See author's preface.

was necessary for her, to place in a striking point of view, evils that are too frequently overlooked, and to drag into light those details of oppression, of which the grosser and more insensible part of mankind make little account.

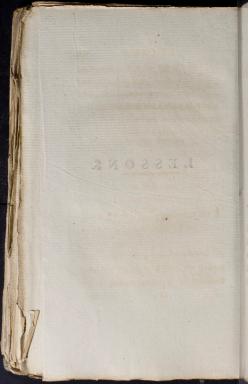
THE END.

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was not fire for both copiers in studies in control view, evits that are too frequently overlooked, and to day into libbt those details of opportion of which the großes and more infendible part of mandaid make little events.

ACTA MILL

LESSONS.



ADVERTISEMENT,

BY THE EDITOR.

THE following pages will, I believe, be judged by every reader of tafte to have been worth preferving, among the other testimonies the author lest behind her, of her genius and the foundness of her understanding. To M 4 fuch

fuch readers I leave the talk of comparing these lessons, with other works of the same nature previously published. It is obvious that the author has struck out a path of her own, and by no means intrenched upon the plans of her predecessors.

It may however excite furprise in some persons to find these papers annexed to the conclusion of a novel. All I have to offer on this subject, consists in the following considerations:

First, something is to be allowed for the difficulty of arranging the miscellaneous papers upon very different subjects, jects, which will frequently constitute an author's posthumous works.

Secondly, the fmall portion they occupy in the prefent volume, will perhaps be accepted as an apology, by fuch good-natured readers (if any fuch there are), to whom the perufal of them shall be a matter of perfect indifference.

Thirdly, the circumstance which determined me in annexing them to the present work, was the slight association (in default of a strong one) between the affectionate and pathetic manner in which Maria Venables addreffes

dreffes her infant, in the Wrongs of Woman; and the agonifing and painful fentiment with which the author originally bequeathed these papers, as a legacy for the benefit of her child.

LESSONS.

The first book of a series which I intended to have written for my unfortunate girl*.

LESSON I.

CAT. Dog. Cow. Horfe. Sheep. Pig. Bird. Fly. Man. Boy. Girl. Child.

^{*} This title which is indorfed on the back of the manufcript, I conclude to have been written in a period of desperation; in the month of October, 1795.

BDITON.

Head.

Head. Hair. Face. Nofe. Mouth. Chin. Neck. Arms. Hand. Leg. Foot. Back. Breaft.

House. Wall. Field. Street. Stone. Grass.

Bed. Chair. Door. Pot. Spoon. Knife. Fork. Plate. Cup. Box. Boy. Bell.

Tree. Leaf. Stick. Whip. Cart. Coach.

Frock, Hat. Coat. Shoes. Shift.

Bread. Milk. Tea. Meat. Drink. Cake.

LESSON II.

Come. Walk. Run. Go. Jump. Dance. Ride. Sit. Stand. Pluy. Hold. Hold. Shake. Speak. Sing. Cry. Laugh. Call. Fall.

Day. Night. Sun. Moon. Light. Dark. Sleep. Wake.

Wash. Drefs. Kifs. Comb.

Fire. Hot. Burn. Wind. Rain. Cold.

Hurt. Tear. Break. Spill. Book. See. Look.

Sweet. Good. Clean.

Gone. Loft. Hide. Keep. Give. Take.

One. Two. Three. Four. Five. Six. Seven. Eight. Nine. Ten.

White, Black, Red, Blue, Green, Brown.

Vol. II. N LESSON

LESSON III.

STROKE the cat. Play with the Dog. Eat the bread. Drink the milk. Hold the cup. Lay down the knife.

Look at the fly. See the horfe. Shut the door. Bring the chair. Ring

the bell. Get your book.

Hide your face. Wipe your nofe. Wash your hands. Dirty hands. Why do you cry? A clean mouth. Shake hands. I love you. Kifs me now. Good girl.

The bird fings. The fire burns. The cat jumps. The dog runs. The bird flies. The cow lies down. The man

laughs. The child cries.

LESSON

LESSON IV.

LET me comb your head. Afk Betty to wash your face. Go and see for some bread. Drink milk, if you are dry. Play on the floor with the ball, Do not touch the ink; you will black your hands.

What do you want to fay to me? Speak flow, not fo fast. Did you fall? You will not cry, not you; the baby cries. Will you walk in the fields?

LESSON V.

COME to me, my little girl. Are you tired of playing? Yes. Sit down and reft yourfelf, while I talk to you.

N 2 Hay

Have you feen the baby? Poor little' thing. O here it comes. Look at him. How helpless he is. Four years ago you were as feeble as this very little boy.

See, he cannot hold up his head. He is forced to lie on his back, if his mamma do not turn him to the right or left fide, he will foon begin to cry. He cries to tell her, that he is tired with lying on his back.

LESSON VI.

PERHAPS he is hungry. What shall we give him to eat? Poor fellow, he cannot eat. Look in his mouth, he has no teeth.

How did you do when you were a baby like him? You cannot tell. Do you want to know? Look then at the dog, with

with her pretty puppy. You could not help yourfelf as well as the puppy. You could only open your mouth, when you were lying, like William, on my knee. So I put you to my breaft, and you fucked, as the puppy fucks now, for there was milk enough for you.

LESSON VII.

WHEN you were hungry, you began to cry, because you could not speak. You were feven months without teeth. always fucking. But after you got one, you began to gnaw a crust of bread. It was not long before another came pop. At ten months you had four pretty white teeth, and you used to bite me. Poor mamma! Still I did not cry, because I am not a child, but N 3

you hurt me very much. So I faid to papa, it is time the little girl should eat. She is not naughty, yet she hurts me. I have given her a crust of bread, and I must look for some other milk.

The cow has got plenty, and her jumping calf eats grafs very well. He has got more teeth than my little girl. Yes, fays papa, and he tapped you on the cheek, you are old enough to learn to eat? Come to me, and I will teach you, my little dear, for you must not hurt poor mamma, who has given you her milk, when you could not take any thing else.

LESSON VIII.

YOU were then on the carpet, for you could not walk well. So when you were in a hurry, you used to run quick, quick, quick, quick, on your hands and feet, like the dog.

Away you ran to papa, and putting both your arms round his leg, for your hands were not big enough, you looked up at him, and laughed. What did this laugh fay, when you could not fpeak? Cannot you guefs by what you now fay to papa?—Ah! it was, Play with me, papa!—play with me!

Papa began to fmile, and you knew that the fmile was always—Yes. So you got a ball, and papa threw it along the floor—Roll—roll; and you ran after it again—and again. How pleafed you were. Look at William, he fmiles; but you could laugh loud—Ha! ha! ha!—Papa laughed louder than the little girl, and rolled the ball ftill fafter.

Then he put the ball on a chair, and N4 you

you were forced to take hold of the back, and fland up to reach it. At last you reached too far, and down you fell: not indeed on your face, because you put out your hands. You were not much hurt: but the palms of your hands smarted with the pain, and you began to cry, like a little child.

It is only very little children who cry when they are hurt; and it is to tell their mamma, that fomething is the matter with them. Now you can come to me, and fay, Mamma, I have hurt myfelf. Pray rub my hand: it fmarts. Put fomething on it, to make it well. A piece of rag, to flop the blood. You are not afraid of a little blood—not you. You fcratched your arm with a pin: it bled a little; but it did you no harm. See, the fkin is grown over it again.

LESSON

LESSON IX.

TAKE care not to put pins in your mouth, because they will stick in your throat, and give you pain. Oh! you cannot think what pain a pin would give you in your throat, should it remain there: but, if you by chance swallow it, I should be obliged to give you, every morning, something bitter to drink. You never tasted any thing so bitter! and you would grow very fick. I never put pins in my mouth; but I am older than you, and know how to take care of myself.

My mamma took care of me, when I was a little girl, like you. She bade me never put any thing in my mouth, without asking her what it was.

When you were a baby, with no more fenfe

fense than William, you put every thing in your mouth to gnaw, to help your teeth to cut through the skin. Look at the puppy, how he bites that piece of wood. William presses his gums against my finger. Poor boy! he is so young, he does not know what he is doing. When you bite any thing, it is because you are hungry.

LESSON X.

SEE how much taller you are than William. In four years you have learned to eat, to walk, to talk. Why do you think: You can do much more, you think: you can wash your hands and face. Very well. I should never kis a dirty face. And you can comb your head with the pretty comb you always

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put

put by in your own drawer. To be fure, you do all this to be ready to take a walk with me. You would be obliged to fray at home, if you could not comb your own hair. Betty is bufy getting the dinner ready, and only brufhes William's hair, because he cannot do it for himself.

Betty is making an apple-pye. You love an apple-pye; but I do not bid you make one. Your hands are not firong enough to mix the butter and flour together; and you must not try to pare the apples, because you cannot manage a great knife.

Never touch the large knives: they are very sharp, and you might cut your finger to the bone. You are a little girl, and ought to have a little knife. When you are as tall as I am, you shall have a knife as large as mine; and when

when you are as strong as I am, and have learned to manage it, you will not hurt yourfelf.

You can trundle a hoop, you fay; and jump over a flick. O, I forgot!—and march like the men in the red coats, when papa plays a pretty tune on the fiddle.

LESSON XI.

WHAT, you think that you shall foon be able to drefs yourself entirely? I am glad of it: I have something else to do. You may go, and look for your frock in the drawer; but I will tie it, till you are stronger. Betty will tie it, when I am bufy.

I button my gown myfelf: I do not want a maid to affift me, when I am dreffing. dreffing. But you have not yet got fense enough to do it properly, and must beg somebody to help you, till you are older.

Children grow older and wifer at the fame time William is not able to take a piece of meat, because he has not got the sense which would make him think that, without teeth, meat would do him harm. He cannot tell what is good for him.

The fense of children grows with them. You know much more than William, now you walk alone, and talk; but you do not know as much as the boys and girls you see playing yonder, who are half as tall again as you; and they do not know half as much as their fathers and mothers, who are men and women grown. Papa and I were children, like you; and men and women took

took care of us. I carry William, because he is too weak to walk. I list you over a sile, and over the gutter, when you cannot jump over it.

You know already, that potatoes will not do you any harm: but I must pluck the fruit for you, till you are wife enough to know the ripe apples and pears. The hard ones would make you fick, and then you must take physic. You do not love physic: I do not love it any more than you. But I have more fense than you; therefore I take care not to eat unripe fruit, or any thing else that would make my stomach ache, or bring out ugly red spots on my face.

When I was a child, my mamma chofe the fruit for me, to prevent my making myfelf fick. I was just like you; I used to ask for what I saw, without knowing whether it was good or

bad.

bad. Now I have lived a long time, I know what is good; I do not want any body to tell me.

LESSON XII.

LOOK at those two dogs. The old one brings the ball to me in a moment: the young one does not know how. He must be taught.

I can cut your shift in a proper shape. You would not know how to begin. You would fpoil it; but you will learn.

John digs in the garden, and knows when to put the feed in the ground. You cannot tell whether it should be in the winter or fummer. Try to find it out. When do the trees put out their leaves? In the fpring, you fay, after the cold weather. Fruit would not grow ripe without very warm weather. Now I am fure you can guess why the summer is the season for fruit.

Papa knows that peas and beans are good for us to eat with our meat. You are glad when you fee them; but if he did not think for you, and have the feed put in the ground, we should have no peas or beans.

LESSON XIII.

POOR child, the cannot do much for herfelf. When I let her do any thing for me, it is to please her: for I could do it better myself.

Oh! the poor puppy has tumbled off the ftool. Run and ftroak him. Put a little

a little milk in a faucer to comfort him. You have more fense than he. You can pour the milk into the saucer without spilling it. He would cry for a day with hunger, without being able to get it. You are wifer than the dog, you must help him. The dog will love you for it, and run after you. I seed you and take care of you: you love me and follow me for it.

When the book fell down on your foot, it gave you great pain. The poor dog felt the fame pain just now.

Take care not to hurt him when you play with him. And every morning leave a little milk in your bafon for him. Do not forget to put the bafon in a corner, left fomebody thould fall over it.

When the 'fnow covers the ground, fave the crumbs of bread for the birds. In the fummer they find fred enough, Vol. II. Q and

and do not want you to think about them.

I make broth for the poor man who is fick. A fick man is like a child, he cannot help himfelf.

LESSON X.

WHEN I caught cold fome time ago, I had fuch a pain in my head, I could fearcely hold it up. Papa opened the door very foftly, because he loves me. You love me, yet you made a noife. You had not the fenfe to know that it made my head worfe, till papa told you.

Papa had a pain in the ftomach, and he would not eat the fine cherries or grapes on the table. When I brought him a cup of camomile tea, he drank it without faying a word, or making an ugly face. He knows that I love him, and that I would not give him any thing to drink that has a bad tafte, if it were not to do him good.

You asked me for some apples when your stomach ached; but I was not angry with you. If you had been as wise as papa, you would have faid, I will not eat the apples to-day, I must take some camomile tea.

You fay that you do not know how to think. Yes; you do a little. The other day papa was tired; he had been walking about all the morning. After dinner he fell afleep on the fopha. I did not bid you be quiet; but you thought of what papa faid to you, when my head ached. This made you think that you ought not to make a noife, when papa was refting himfelf. So you came to me, and faid to me, very foftly, Pray reach me my ball, and

I will

I will go and play in the garden, till papa wakes.

You were going out; but thinking again, you came back to me on your tip-toes. Whifper—whifper. Pray mama, call me, when papa wakes; for I shall be afraid to open the door to fee, left I should disturb him.

Away you went.—Creep—creep—and shut the door as fostly as I could have done myself.

That was all its arms and its arms are all its arms.

That was thinking. When a child does wrong at first, she does not know any better. But, after she has been told that she must not difturb mama, when poor mama is unwell, she thinks herfelf, that she must not wake papa when he is tired.

Another day we will fee if you can think about any thing elfe.

THE END.







