## **EOPP Indian States Data Base**

## STICERD, London School of Economics

## Land Reform Variables

All land reform data are input by identifying Acts related to land reform in the "Index to Central and State Enactments" published by the Ministry of Law and Justice, India.

To examine the extent of these acts two main books are used:

- Haqe and Sirohi, 1986 "Agrarian Reforms And Institutional Changes In India"
- Zaidi, 1985 "Not By A Class War- A Study Of Congress Policy On Land Reforms During The Last 100 Years"

Secondary sources for filling in the gaps and checking include:

- Appu, 1996 "Land Reforms In India: An Analysis"
- Behuria, 1997 "Land Reforms Legislation In India A Comparative Study"
- Bonner, 1987 "Land Consolidation And Economic Development In India A Study Of Two Haryana Villages"
- Borgohain, 1992 "Politics Of Land Reforms In Assam"
- Kurien, 1981 "Dynamics Of Rural Transformation A Study Of Tamil Nadu"
- Pani, 1983 "Reforms To Pre-Empt Change Land Legislation In Karnataka"
- Singh And Misra, 1964 "A Study Of Land Reforms In Uttar Pradesh"
- Yugandhar And Iyer, 1993 "Land Reforms In India: Bihar Institutional Constraints"

Stata Name Of The	Full Name Of The Variable	Years
Variable		Covered
GINILAND	Gini coefficient including landless households	
NOLAND	Proportion of households owning no land (%)	
BOT40_	The share of area owned by households at the bottom 40% of the land ownership hierarchy (%)	
BOT50_	The share of area owned by households at the bottom 50% of the land ownership hierarchy (%)	
MID40_80	The share of area owned by households at the middle 40-80% of the land ownership hierarchy (%)	
MID50_80	The share of area owned by households at the middle 50-80% of the land ownership hierarchy (%)	
TOP20_	The share of area owned by households at the top 20% of the land ownership hierarchy (%)	1957-92
TOP10_	The share of area owned by households at the top 10% of the land ownership hierarchy (%)	
TOP5_	The share of area owned by households at the top 5% of the land ownership hierarchy (%)	
TOP1_	The share of area owned by households at the top 1% of the land ownership hierarchy (%)	
LR1	Number of land reform acts <sup>1</sup> introduced in year $t$ belonging to type 1 <sup>2</sup>	
LR2	Number of land reform acts introduced in year $t$ belonging to type 2 <sup>3</sup>	
LR3	Number of land reform acts introduced in year $t$ belonging to type 3 <sup>4</sup>	

belonging to type 4	LR4	Number of land reform acts introduced in year t belonging to type $4^{5}$	
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CLR1	Cumulative measure of stock of type 1 land reforms passed in state <i>s</i> by year <i>t</i>	
CLR2	Cumulative measure of stock of type 2 land reforms passed in state <i>s</i> by year <i>t</i>	
CLR3	Cumulative measure of stock of type 3 land reforms passed in state <i>s</i> by year <i>t</i>	1957-92
CLR4	Cumulative measure of stock of type 4 land reforms passed in state <i>s</i> by year <i>t</i>	
CLR	CLR = CLR1 + CLR2 + CLR3 + CLR4	
АСТ	Cumulative sum of number of land reform legislation passed in state <i>s</i> by year <i>t</i> $ACT \le CLR$	

Note: -

- 1. 2. 3.

- 4.
- A single act can belong to several categories. Type 1 land reform = tenancy reform Type 2 land reform = abolition of intermediaries Type 3 land reform = ceilings on landholdings Type 4 land reform = consolidation of landholdings 5.
- 6. Amendments to acts are treated as new pieces of legislation.