Course information 2019–20
IR2083 International political theory

This course develops, extends and deepens theoretical topics covered in IR1011 Introduction to international relations, as well as introducing students to a range of new texts, theories and concepts. International political theory is about different ways in which the nature of international politics may be explained, understood and judged. As a topic it is focused on theoretical texts and concepts (rather than empirical, historical material).

Prerequisite
If taken as part of a BSc degree, courses which must be passed before this course may be attempted:

IR1011 Introduction to international relations.

Aims and objectives
The aims and objectives of the course are to:

- give an account of different frameworks of thinking about international politics
- acquaint students with ideas, concepts and texts in international political theory, both classical and modern, in their historical context
- introduce students to issues of methodology in the study of international politics
- enable students to think critically about alternative ways of explaining, understanding and judging international politics in the early 21st century.

Assessment
This course is assessed by a three-hour unseen written examination.

Learning outcomes
At the end of this course and having completed the essential reading and activities students should be able to:

- demonstrate knowledge of different frameworks for thinking about international politics
- demonstrate knowledge of a range of ideas, concepts and texts in international political theory and the historical contexts in which they arose
- distinguish and evaluate different methodological approaches within the study of international politics
- evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of alternative ways of explaining, understanding and judging contemporary international politics.

Essential reading
For full details please refer to the reading list.
Brown, Chris, Terry Nardin and Nicholas Rengger (eds) International Relations in Political Thought: texts from the Ancient Greeks to the First World War. (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press)
Brown, Chris Understanding International Relations. (Basingstoke: Palgrave)
Burchill, S., Andrew Linklater et al Theories of International Relations. (Basingstoke: Palgrave)
Syllabus

This is a description of the material to be examined. On registration, students will receive a detailed subject guide which provides a framework for covering the topics in the syllabus and directions to the essential reading.

Contributions to theorising international politics in the tradition of Western political theory. This will include examining the ideas of Thucydides, Augustine, Machiavelli, Hobbes, Grotius, Rousseau, Kant, Marx and Weber.

**Dominant theories of international politics from the foundation of international relations as a discipline in 1919 to the end of the Cold War:**

- a) Liberalism (liberal internationalism, pluralism, interdependence, neo-liberalism);
- b) realism (classical political realism and neo-realism);
- c) international society;
- d) Marxism/structuralism (dependency, world-systems theory).

**Critical theories of international politics:**

- a) critical theory;
- b) post-structuralism;
- c) feminist theory.

**Methodological debates:**

- a) can IR be a science?
- b) structure and agency in explaining international politics;
- c) constructivism.

**Theorising international politics in the 21st century:**

- a) normative discourse in international politics;
- b) unipolarity and the question of empire;
- c) cultural bias in IR theory.

Students should consult the appropriate EMFSS Programme Regulations, which are reviewed on an annual basis. The Regulations provide information on the availability of a course, where it can be placed on your programme's structure, and details of co-requisites and prerequisites.