

Books & Publications

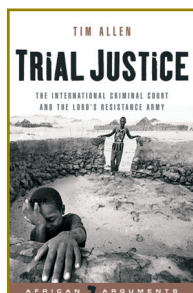
MAY 2006

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Trial Justice: the international criminal court and the Lord's Resistance Army

TIM ALLEN

Zed Books Ltd

The International Criminal Court (ICC) has run into serious problems with its first big case – the situation in northern Uganda.

Joseph Kony's Lord's Resistance Army has abducted thousands, many of them children, and has systematically tortured, raped, maimed and killed its victims. Nevertheless, the ICC has confronted outright hostility from a wide range of groups, including traditional leaders, the churches and non-governmental organisations. Even the Ugandan government has expressed serious reservations.

This book argues that much of the antipathy to the ICC is based upon ignorance and misconception. Drawing on field research in Uganda, it shows that victims are much more interested in punitive international justice than has been suggested, and that the ICC has made resolution of the war more likely.

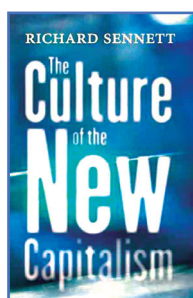
The Culture of the New Capitalism

RICHARD SENNETT

Yale University Press

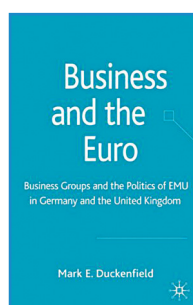
The author surveys major differences between earlier forms of industrial capitalism and the more global, more febrile, ever more mutable version of capitalism that is taking its place. He shows how these changes affect everyday life – how the work ethic is changing, how new beliefs about merit and talent displace old values of craftsmanship and achievement how, what he calls, 'the spectre of uselessness' haunts professionals as well as manual workers, and how the boundary between consumption and politics is dissolving.

In recent years, reformers of both private and public institutions have preached that flexible, global corporations provide a model of freedom for individuals, unlike the experience of fixed and static bureaucracies Max Weber once called an 'iron cage'. Sennett argues that, in banishing old ills, the new-economy model has instead created



new social and emotional traumas. Only a certain kind of human being can prosper in unstable, fragmentary institutions: the culture of the new capitalism demands an ideal self oriented to the short-term, focused on potential ability rather than accomplishment, willing to discount or abandon past experience.

In a concluding section, Sennett examines a more durable form of self-hood, and what practical initiatives could counter the pernicious effects of reform.



Business and the Euro: business groups and the politics of EMU in the United Kingdom and Germany

MARK E DUCKENFIELD

Palgrave Macmillan

This timely book explores how British and German business associations formed

their political attitudes towards Economic and Monetary Union from 1988 through 1998.

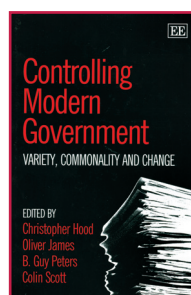
The author makes the provocative argument that business associations are not mere transmission belts for their members' economic interests, rather, they are political entities in their own right. Consequently they act strategically in order to promote their members' specific interests, and are particularly attentive to the configuration of partisan political forces in their national legislatures.

Controlling Modern Government: variety, commonality and change

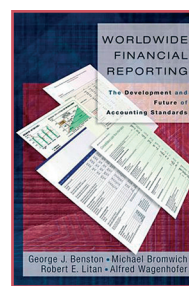
CHRISTOPHER HOOD,
OLIVER JAMES, B GUY
PETERS, COLIN SCOTT, EDS
Edward Elgar

Are public sector institutions being exposed to ever-greater oversight, audit and inspection in the name of efficiency, accountability and risk management? This book explores the long-term development of controls over government across five major state traditions in developed democracies: US, Japan, variants of continental-European models, a Scandinavian case and variants of the Westminster model.

A central aspect of the study is an eight



country comparison of variety in the use of controls based in oversight, competition, mutuality and contrived randomness in the selected domains of the high bureaucracy at the core of the state, the higher education sector and the prison sector. Countries covered include Australia, France, Germany, Japan, the Netherlands, Norway, the UK and the USA.



Worldwide Financial Reporting: the development and future of accounting standards

GEORGE J BENSTON,

MICHAEL BROMWICH,

ROBERT E LITAN, ALFRED

WAGENHOFER

Oxford University Press
Inc, USA

International accounting standards tend to converge, as do auditing, enforcement, and corporate governance, whereas trading of equity shares remains essentially national.

This book provides a thorough analysis of what information investors really need, how financial accounting systems developed and their current requirements in major commercial countries, and examines current issues, particularly the benefits and costs of single or multiple accounting standards, the bases for accounting standards, and limitations to accounting disclosure in financial statements.

A Sociology of Jurisprudence

RICHARD NOBLES AND

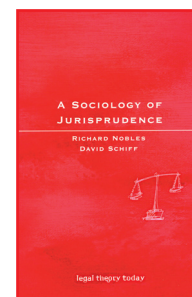
DAVID SCHIFF

Hart Publishing

Niklas Luhmann's sociological theory treats law, along with politics, economics, media and ethics, as systems of communication. His theory offers profound insights into the character of the legal system in modern society and provides an explanation for the role of jurisprudence as part of that legal system.

Whilst Luhmann's writings are often difficult to understand, this book presents an accessible introduction to them. In addition, the authors seek to explore and develop Luhmann's claim that jurisprudence is part of law's self-description.

The authors' introduction to Luhmann's



systems theory concentrates on one of its most central and misunderstood concepts: that of law's closure and the distinct disposition of law's openness to its environment.

From this beginning, the book goes on to offer a sustained and methodical application of systems theory to some of the traditional forms of jurisprudence. This application of systems theory alters our perception of jurisprudence into a form that is appropriate to our understanding of its role within law in contemporary society.



EU Pharmaceutical Regulation: the politics of policy-making

GOVIN PERMANAND
Manchester University Press

This book provides an analysis of EU pharmaceutical regulation from a policy-making

perspective. It focuses on how conflicting agendas of the industry, EU member states, the EC, and consumer interests are reconciled within the context of regulatory outcomes having to serve public health, healthcare and industrial policy needs within the single market.

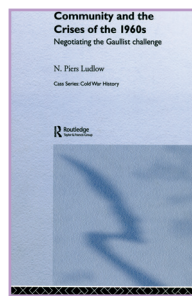
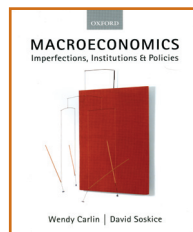
Breaking with more traditional approaches, different strands of public policy analysis, regulatory and European integration and policy-making theories are invoked in developing a new conceptual approach to frame the analysis. In-depth case studies in three key policy areas, patent protection, market authorisation, and pricing and reimbursement, provide substantive support.

Macroeconomics: imperfections, institutions and policies

WENDY CARLIN, DAVID SOSKICE
Oxford University Press

This book provides a unified framework for the analysis of short- and medium-run macroeconomics, giving students a model they can use to understand a wide range of real-world macroeconomic behaviour and policy issues. The authors introduce a new graphical model based on the three-equation New Keynesian model used in modern macroeconomics. The three equations are: the IS curve; the Phillips curve; and an interest rate-based monetary policy rule.

The use of a common framework throughout for closed and open economies helps readers develop the economic intuition with which to address a diversity of macroeconomic problems. Applied chapters show how the models can be used to analyse performance in OECD economies over the past 25 years. The chapters on growth present an in-depth coverage of the Solow-Swan, endogenous and Schumpeterian models that allow the reader to understand how these approaches can be used to answer the big questions of growth – why some countries are rich and others poor, why some catch up and others do not.



The European Community and the Crises of the 1960s: negotiating the Gaullist challenge

N PIERS LUDLOW
Routledge

This detailed study focuses on the struggle between France and its EC partners over the purpose, structure and

membership of the emerging European Community.

On all three, Charles de Gaulle held divergent views from those of his fellow leaders and the years in question were marked by a succession of confrontations over what the Community did, the way it functioned, and whether new members (notably Britain) should be allowed to enter.

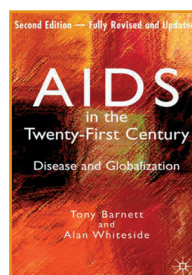
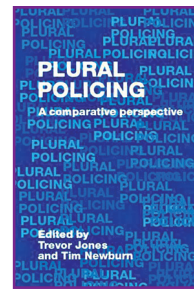
But, despite these multiple crises, the six founding members continued to press on with their joint experiment, demonstrating a surprisingly firm commitment to co-operation with each other. The period thus highlights both the strengths and the weaknesses of the early Community and the origins of many of the structures and procedures that have survived until the current day.

Plural Policing: a comparative perspective

TREVOR JONES, TIM NEWBURN, EDS
Routledge

Policing is changing rapidly and radically. An increasingly complex array of public, private and municipal bodies – as well as public police forces – are engaged in the provision of regulation and security. Consequently, it is difficult to think of security provision primarily in terms of what the public police do, and so the terminology of fragmented or plural policing systems has become well-established within criminology and police science.

Plural policing is now a central issue within criminology and police studies throughout the world, and there is now a large and growing body of research and theory concerned with its extent, nature and governance. To date, however, this work has been dominated by Anglo-American perspectives. This volume takes a detailed comparative look at the development of plural policing, and provides the most up-to-date work of reference for scholars in this field.



AIDS in the Twenty-First Century: disease and globalization

TONY BARNETT, ALAN WHITESIDE
Palgrave Macmillan

First published in 2002, this book met with widespread praise from both researchers and policy makers.

This new edition is fully revised to take account of the latest facts and developments in

the field. All statistics and evidence have been updated and their meanings reconsidered. Developments in vaccines, anti-retroviral treatments and microbicides are discussed along with information about the president's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief and The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria.

Carefully written to be accessible, this book is theoretically informed, practical and remains the leading text in its field.



Endless War? Hidden Functions of the War on Terror

DAVID KEEN
Pluto Press

Was the Iraq war really an act of goodwill to liberate people from injustice? Or was it a strategic move to maintain US dominance globally?

This book casts a critical light on the real motives behind war and conflict.

David Keen explores how winning war is rarely an end in itself. Rather, war tends to be part of a wider political and economic game that is consistent with strengthening the enemy. He devises a radical framework for analysing an unending war project, where the 'war on terror' is an extension of the Cold War.

The book draws on the author's detailed study of wars in Sudan and Sierra Leone, as well as a range of other conflicts and provides a new approach to conflict analysis.

Age Discrimination: an historical and contemporary analysis

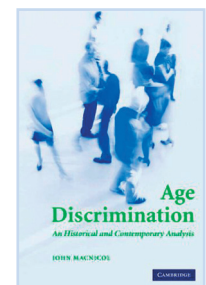
JOHN MACNICOL
Cambridge University Press

Age discrimination is a highly topical issue in all industrialised societies, against a background of

concerns about shortening working lives and ageing populations in the future.

Adopting an interdisciplinary approach, this study traces the history of the age discrimination debate in Britain and the USA since the 1930s. It critically analyses the concepts of ageism in social relations and age discrimination in employment.

Case-studies on generational equity and health care rationing by age are followed by an analysis of the British government's initiatives against age discrimination in employment. The book then traces the history of the debate on health status and old age, addressing the question of whether working capacity has improved sufficiently to justify calls to delay retirement and extend working lives.



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