

Books & publications

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Details of these books also appear online. Click **New Books** on the LSE homepage: www.lse.ac.uk

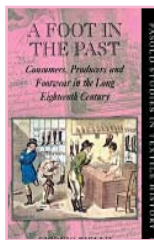
A Foot in the Past: consumers, producers, and footwear in the long eighteenth century

GIORGIO RIELLO

[Oxford University Press](#)

This book analyses how footwear was consumed, retailed and produced in the 18th century and looks at how the increasing availability of footwear in that century was matched by profound changes in the way footwear was sold and purchased. By the middle of the century, large shops provided a wide array of footwear – from high class to cheap.

However, during the 18th, and for most of the 19th century, shoemaking remained one of the most traditional sectors of British and continental economies. This book argues that the social and economic practices in the consumption of footwear are fundamental to understanding how they were produced and sold. Rather than embracing a vision of economic development based on mechanisation and industrialisation, the author investigates how social and cultural contexts for consumption shaped the way in which consumers' needs were satisfied.



understandings and valuations of conversion, orthodoxy, Scripture, the inspired word, ritual, gifts, and the concept of heaven. The book shows that anthropologists should not assume they know what the Christian experience is.

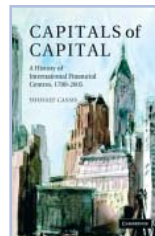
Capitals of Capital: a history of international financial centres, 1780-2005

YOUSSEF CASSIS

[Cambridge University Press](#)

International financial centres have come to represent a major economic stake. Yet no historical study has been devoted to them. In this book, the author attempts to fill this gap by providing a comparative history of the most important centres that constitute the capitals of capital – New York, London, Frankfurt, Paris, Zurich, Amsterdam, Tokyo, Hong Kong, Singapore – from the beginning of the industrial age up to the present.

The book is a reflection on the dynamics of the rise and decline of international financial centres, setting them in their economic, political, social, and cultural context. While rooted in a strong and lively historical narrative, it draws on the concepts of financial economics in its analysis of events.



interests of the land-owning aristocracy. Within a month, his government fell and the Conservatives remained out of power for decades.

The author concludes that economic interests provided the momentum behind repeal and these same interests, left unsatisfied, may easily have snowballed into revolution. But these interests alone did not explain why reform rather than revolution emerged. In order to resolve more fully the long-standing puzzle of repeal, this book traces the overlapping and intertwined forces of interest, ideas, and institutions.

Europe in the Global Age

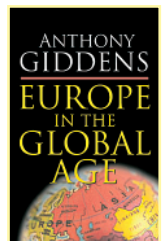
ANTHONY GIDDENS

[Polity Press](#)

Europe's social model is regarded by many as the jewel in the crown. Over recent years, however, the social model has come under great strain in many states within the EU.

The resulting tensions have fuelled dissatisfaction with the European project as a whole, culminating in the rejection of Europe's proposed new constitution. Reform of the social model is therefore a matter of urgency.

The author argues that the traditional welfare state needs to be rethought. We have to bring lifestyle change into the heart of what welfare means. Moreover, environmental issues must be directly connected to other citizenship obligations. These innovations have to be made at the same time as Europe's competitive position is upgraded.



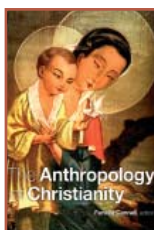
The Anthropology of Christianity

FENELLA CANNELL

[Duke University Press](#)

This book provides vivid ethnographic explorations of local Christianities as they are experienced by different groups around the world. At the same time, the contributors rethink the relationship between anthropology and Christianity.

The contributors examine the contours of Christianity among diverse groups including Catholics in India, the Philippines, and Bolivia, Seventh-Day Adventists in Madagascar and Protestants in Amazonia, Melanesia, and Indonesia. They reveal vastly different



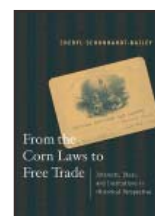
From the Corn Laws to Free Trade: interests, ideas, and institutions in historical perspective

CHERYL SCHONHARDT-BAILEY

[MIT Press](#)

The repeal of Britain's Corn Laws in 1846 has long intrigued and puzzled political scientists, historians, and economists. Why would a prime minister act against his own party's interests?

Five years after coming into power, Conservative prime minister Robert Peel presided over repeal of the Corn Laws, violating party principles and undercutting the economic



Digital Era Governance: IT corporations, the state, and e-government

PATRICK DUNLEAVY, HELEN

MARGETTS

[Oxford University Press](#)

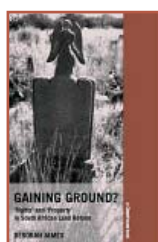
Government information systems are big business and



are critical to all aspects of public policy and governmental operations. Governments spend billions on them – the UK alone commits £14 billion a year to public sector IT operations.

Yet governments do not generally develop or run their own systems. Instead, they rely on private sector providers to run large, long-run contracts to provide IT. Some of the biggest companies in the world (IBM, EDS, Lockheed Martin, etc) have made this a core market.

This book shows how governments in the USA, Canada and Netherlands have maintained much more effective policies than in the UK, Japan and Australia. It shows how public managers need to retain and develop their own IT expertise and to carefully maintain well contested markets if they are to deliver value for money in their dealings with the very powerful global IT industry.



Gaining Ground? Rights and Property in South African Land Reform

DEBORAH JAMES

Routledge Cavendish

Set in the province of Mpumalanga, this book gives an ethnographic

account of local initiatives and conflicts, showing how the poorest sectors of the landless have defied the South African state's attempts to privatise land holdings and create a new class of African farmers.

They insist that the rights-based rather than the market-driven version of land reform should prevail and that land restitution was intended to benefit all Africans. But their attempts to gain land access often backfire.

Despite state assurances that land reform would benefit all, illegal land selling and brokering are pervasive, representing one of the only feasible routes to land access by the poor.

The author shows how human rights lawyers, NGOs and the state, in interaction with local communities, have tried to square these symbolic and economic claims on land.

Knowledge in Context

SANDRA JOVCHELOVITCH

Routledge (Taylor & Francis)

The author argues that representation, a social psychological construct relating self, other and object-world, is at the basis of all knowledge.

Drawing on dialogues between psychology, sociology and anthropology, the author explores the dominant assumptions of western conceptions of knowledge and the quest for a unitary reason free from the 'impurities' of person, community and culture.

She recasts questions related to historical comparisons between the knowledge of adults



and children, 'civilised' and 'primitive' peoples, scientists and lay communities and examines the ambivalence of classical theorists such as Piaget, Vygotsky, Freud, Durkheim and Levy-Bruhl in addressing these issues.

The author shows that diversity in knowledge is an asset of all communities, and dialogue between different forms of knowing constitutes the difficult, but necessary, task that can enlarge the frontiers of all knowledges.



Local and Regional Development

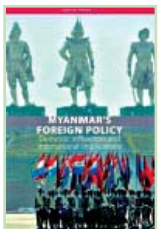
ANDY PIKE, ANDRÉS RODRÍGUEZ-POSE, JOHN TOMANEY

Routledge (Taylor & Francis)

The challenge of enhancing prosperity, improving well-being and increasing living

standards has become acute for localities and regions of the developed and developing worlds. Amid concern over the definitions and sustainability of development, a spectre has emerged of deepened unevenness and sharpened inequalities.

This book looks at the principles and values that shape definitions and strategies of local and regional development and the conceptual and theoretical frameworks capable of understanding and interpreting local and regional development. It asks what the main policy interventions and instruments should be and how localities and regions attempt to effect development in practice and poses the question: What kinds of local and regional development should be pursued?



Myanmar's Foreign Policy: domestic influences and international implications

JURGEN HAACKE

Routledge (Taylor & Francis)

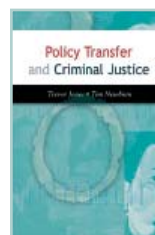
Against the background of its problematic human rights record and the military

regime's continued extra-constitutional rule, Myanmar has faced mounting diplomatic pressure from the international community since the renewed detention of Daw Aung San Suu Kyi in 2003.

This book examines Myanmar's foreign policy and discusses how the regime has been able to take advantage of the economic, security and geostrategic interests of China and India to achieve its goals. It also examines how its relations with Beijing have assumed ever greater significance as western capitals have sought to place Myanmar under the scrutiny of the UN Security Council.

The author discusses the regime's objectives, concerns and challenges, the difficult decisions of the leadership as ASEAN has started to relax its application of the non-interference norm, and examines its interaction with the UN. He concludes by analysing the likely regional and

international implications of intensified political pressure on the military regime.



Policy Transfer and Criminal Justice

TREVOR JONES, TIM NEWBURN

Open University Press

(Dec 2006)

Since the late 1980s, it seems that policy makers and politicians in the UK have

increasingly looked west across the Atlantic for inspiration in the field of crime control. More broadly, recent years have seen a growing focus upon the extent to which, and ways in which, policy ideas and practices travel within and across national boundaries.

Scholars from a number of disciplines have become increasingly interested in the concepts of policy transfer and related ideas. This book contains the first major empirical study of policy transfer in criminal justice and crime control. It focuses upon policy transfer from the USA to the UK, and undertakes a detailed examination of the processes of policy change in three key areas, widely perceived as imports from the USA: the privatisation of corrections, two and three strikes sentencing, and zero tolerance policing.

Drawing upon a wealth of documentary evidence and interviews with politicians, policy makers and key players in policy developments, the authors explore the complex processes in policy transfer, and analyse the nature and degree of US influence in these areas.

The Politics of Crime Control: essays in honour of David Downes

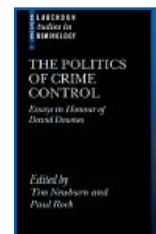
TIM NEWBURN, PAUL ROCK, EDS

Oxford University Press

This collection of essays is produced in honour of Britain's most important criminological scholar, Professor Emeritus David Downes, Sociology, LSE.

The book contains an inside account of policy making under New Labour and brings together ten leading British criminologists to explore the contemporary politics of crime and its control. The essays are grouped around the three major themes that run through David Downes' work: crime and deviance; comparative penal policy; and the politics of crime. The third theme also provides the unifying thread for the volume.

The contributions are broad ranging and cover such subjects as criminological theory and the new East End of London, the practice of comparative criminology, including an analysis of variations in penal cultures within the United States, restorative justice in Colombia, New Labour's politics and policy in relation to dangerous personality-disordered offenders, the legal construction of torture, and the future for a social democratic criminology.





Principled Agents? The Political Economy of Good Government (Lindahl lectures)

TIMOTHY BESLEY

[Oxford University Press](#)

What is good government? Why do some fail? How is

political accountability implemented in practice? What incentives need to be put in place to ensure politicians and public servants act in the public interest and not their own?

This book adopts a middle way between two extremes of government analyses (where government can be either a force for public good or driven by private interests). The book recognises the potential for government to act for the public good but to also accept that things often go wrong.

The author shares the view that there are certain preconditions for effective government, but then proceeds to examine exactly what those are. He emphasises that it is not just about designing an appropriate institutional framework, but also about understanding the way incentives work and the process by which the political class is selected.

History of Financial Disasters, 1763-1995

MARK DUCKENFIELD, STEFAN

ALTORFER, BENEDIKT KOEHLER, EDS

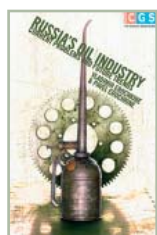
[Pickering and Chatto](#)

Financial disasters have much to teach us in terms of the societies and times in which they occurred and their ramifications for our own times.



This three volume edition looks at the origins and consequences of seminal financial crises throughout history, combining original documents from 19 financial disasters between 1763 and 1995 with academic interpretations of the major causes and consequences of each crisis.

Rare public and private papers provide source material on the background of each disaster and first-hand accounts of how contemporaries viewed and responded to unfolding events.



Russia's Oil Industry: current problems and future trends

PAVEL EROCHKINE

[The Centre for Global Studies](#)

This is a comprehensive survey of the Russian oil industry, covering all major

areas from exploration and geology to refining and infrastructure. It also shows how current global demand and supply conditions have given Russia an influential position as the key alternative supplier to the Middle East and considers the implications of Russia's rise as a global oil player.

Riots, Pogroms, Jihad: religious violence in Indonesia

JOHN T SIDEL

[Cornell University Press](#)

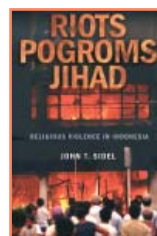
(December)

In October 2002, a bomb in a Balinese nightclub killed more than 200 people. This, and subsequent attacks, brought Indonesia into the global media spotlight as a site of Islamist terrorist violence. Yet the complexities of political and religious struggles in Indonesia remain little known and poorly understood in the west.

These episodes are chronicled against the backdrop of earlier religious violence and the overall pattern of change in religious violence over a ten-year period are explained.

The author suggests that successive shifts in the incidence of violence correspond to shifts in the structures of religious authority and identity during this period. He interprets the most recent Jihadist violence as a reflection of the post-1998 decline of Islam as a banner for unifying and mobilising Muslims.

The book concludes by reflecting on the broader implications of the pattern observed in Indonesia both for understanding Islamic terrorism in particular and for analysing religious violence in all its varieties.



Securing Good Care for Older People: taking a long-term view

DEREK WANLESS, JULIEN FORDER

[King's Fund](#)

The government's reforms of contracts and pay for NHS staff are designed not just to pay staff more, but also to secure changes in working patterns and productivity that translate into benefits for patients.

This book assesses the impact of the new consultant contract in England. Its findings are based on a literature review, discussion with key informants and case studies of five acute NHS trusts. It shows that there is little evidence, as yet, of benefits having been realised: the scale of the task was underestimated and national guidance not sufficiently clear, leading to considerable variation in approach and outcome between trusts.



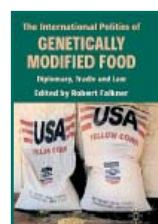
The International Politics of Genetically Modified Food: diplomacy, trade and law

ROBERT FALKNER, ED

[Palgrave Macmillan](#)

Genetically modified food is at the heart of a new global

conflict over how to govern risky technologies in an era of globalisation. A transatlantic trade dispute and north-south tensions have



complicated the task of creating a global regime for genetic engineering in agriculture.

This collection brings together experts from international relations, environmental studies, trade, and international law to examine the sources of international friction and to explore the prospects for international co-operation.

Territory, Authority, Rights: from medieval to global assemblages

SASKIA SASSEN

[Princeton University Press](#)

Where does the nation-state end and globalisation begin?

This book shows how the national state made today's global era possible.

Even while globalisation is best understood as de-nationalisation, the author argues that it continues to be shaped, channelled, and enabled by institutions and networks originally developed with nations in mind. This process of state making produced some of the capabilities enabling the global era. The difference is that these capabilities have become part of new organising logics: actors other than nation-states deploy them for new purposes.

The author builds her case by examining how three components of any society in any age – territory, authority, and rights – have changed across three major historical assemblages: the medieval, the national, and the global.

The book traces the emergence of territoriality in the Middle Ages and considers monarchical divinity as a precursor to sovereign secular authority. The second part analyses economic, legal, technological, and political conditions and projects that are shaping new organising logics, while the third part examines particular intersections of the new digital technologies with territory, authority, and rights.



The Politics of Life Itself: biomedicine, power, and subjectivity in the twenty-first century

NIKOLAS ROSE

[Princeton University Press](#)

Medicine has always aimed to treat abnormalities. But

today, normality is open to modification. With a new molecular understanding, and new techniques for manipulating basic life processes at the level of molecules, cells, and genes, it now seeks to manage human vital processes.

This book offers a much-needed examination of recent developments that have led to the widespread politicisation of medicine, human life, and biotechnology. The author analyses contemporary molecular biopolitics, examining developments in genomics, neuroscience, pharmacology, and psychopharmacology and the ways they have affected racial politics, crime control, and psychiatry. He examines the



transformation of biomedicine from the practice of healing to the government of life, the new emphasis on treating disease susceptibilities rather than disease, the shift in our understanding of the patient, the emergence of new forms of medical activism, the rise of biocapital, and the mutations in biopower.

Nikolas Rose concludes that these developments have profound consequences for who we think we are, and who we want to be.



The Regulation of Cyberspace: control in the online environment

ANDREW D MURRAY

[Routledge Cavendish](#)

This book examines regulatory structures in the online environment. The

author considers current practices and suggests a regulatory model that acknowledges its complexity and how it can be used to provide a more comprehensive structure for cyberspace

Drawing on the work of cyber-regulatory theorists such as Yochai Benkler, Andrew Shapiro, and Lawrence Lessig, Andrew Murray explores and analyses how all forms of control, including design and market controls, as well as traditional command and control regulation, are applied within the complex and flexible environment of cyberspace.

Trade and Investment Rule-Making: the role of regional and bilateral agreements

STEPHEN WOOLCOCK, ED

[UN University Press](#)

This analytical framework for assessing the impact of regional and other preferential agreements on rule-making illustrates the role of regional agreements in a multi-level process of rule-making. Detailed case studies show that regional agreements can make a positive contribution to the evolution of predictable trade and investment rules, but much depends on the kind of rules they promote.

To date, regional rule-making has gone hand in hand with the evolution of multilateral rules, but recent developments give some pause for thought. It is important to understand more fully the interaction between the regional and other levels of rule-making, if the positive aspects are to be furthered and negative aspects contained.

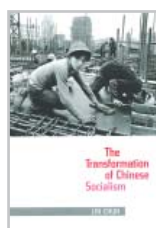


The Transformation of Chinese Socialism

CHUN LIN

[Duke University Press](#)

Lin Chun provides a critical assessment of the scope and limits of socialist experiments in China, analysing their



development since the victory of the Chinese communist revolution in 1949, and reflecting on the country's likely paths into the future.

The author suggests that China's 20th century trajectory be grasped in terms of the collective search by its people for a modern alternative to colonial modernity, bureaucratic socialism, and capitalist subordination. Evaluating contending interpretations of the formation and transformation of Chinese socialism in the contemporary conditions of global capitalism, the book argues that the post-Mao reform model must be remade.



The World Bank and Governance

DIANE L STONE, CHRISTOPHER WRIGHT, EDS

[Routledge \(Taylor & Francis\)](#)

In this book, the authors critically analyse the influence of the World

Bank's policy and engagement during the past ten years in a variety of areas, including human rights, domestic reform, and the environment.

The book delves into the bowels of the institution, exploring its organisational structure, professional culture and bureaucratic procedures, and illustrates how these shape its engagement with an increasingly complex, diverse and challenging operational environment.

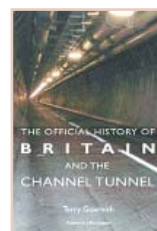
The book includes chapters on the International Finance Corporation, and the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency. Several country studies are also included, analysing the Bank's activities in Argentina, Bolivia, Lebanon, Hungary and Vietnam.

The Official History of Britain and the Channel Tunnel

TERRY GOURVISH

[Taylor & Francis](#)

Using hitherto untapped British government records, this book is an in-depth analysis of the successful project of 1986-94.



This is a vivid portrayal of the complexities of quadripartite decision-making (two countries, plus the public and private sectors), revealing new insights into the role of the British and French governments in the process.

The building of the Channel tunnel has been one of Europe's major projects and a testimony to British-French and public-private sector collaboration. However, Eurotunnel's current financial crisis provides a sobering backdrop for an examination of the British government's long-term flirtation with the project, and, in particular, the earlier tunnel project in the 1960s and early 1970s, which was abandoned by the British government in 1975.

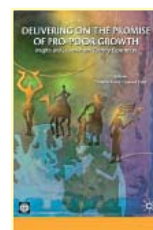
Global Europe, Social Europe

ANTHONY GIDDENS, ED

[Polity Press](#)

Since 1989, much about the European Union has changed, including the very definition of Europe itself. Now enlarged to 25 countries, the division between western and eastern Europe has disappeared.

Unemployment and low growth are seemingly becoming endemic across much of the EU. How should pro-Europeans respond? What future is there for Europe's cherished social model? How will the EU deal with the competitive pressures coming from India, China and other industrialising countries?



Delivering on the Promise of Pro-poor Growth: insights and lessons from country experiences

TIMOTHY BESLEY, LOUISE CORD, EDS

[World Bank](#)

Policy makers should implement policies that

enable their countries to achieve higher growth.

Examining the relationship between growth and poverty reduction among eight countries in the 1990s and early 2000s, those with rapid growth saw the most poverty reduction. But, poverty levels rose in many developing countries where growth stagnated or was negative. But growth is more effective in reducing poverty in some countries than in others.

This volume provides important lessons about what has and has not worked in these countries to increase the participation of poor households in growth.

Reclaiming the Media: communication rights and democratic media roles

BART CAMMAERTS, NICO

CARPENTIER, EDS

[Intellect Books](#)

Media organisations play an important role in democracy but does the media conjuncture offer enough to our democracies, how can their democratic investment be deepened and how can communication rights be expanded.

This book discusses four areas that structure the opportunities for democratising (media) democracy. The first deals with citizenship and the public spheres, the second elaborates on participation, the third looks at the traditional representational role in relation to democracy and citizenship, and the fourth moves outside of the traditional media system and deals with the diversity of media and communication strategies of activists.

