

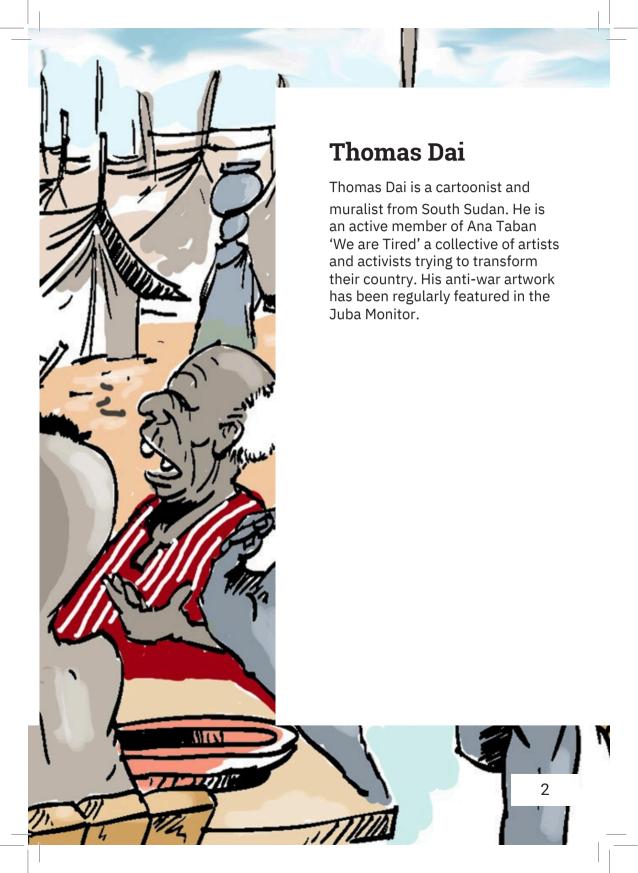
He Cannot Marry Her

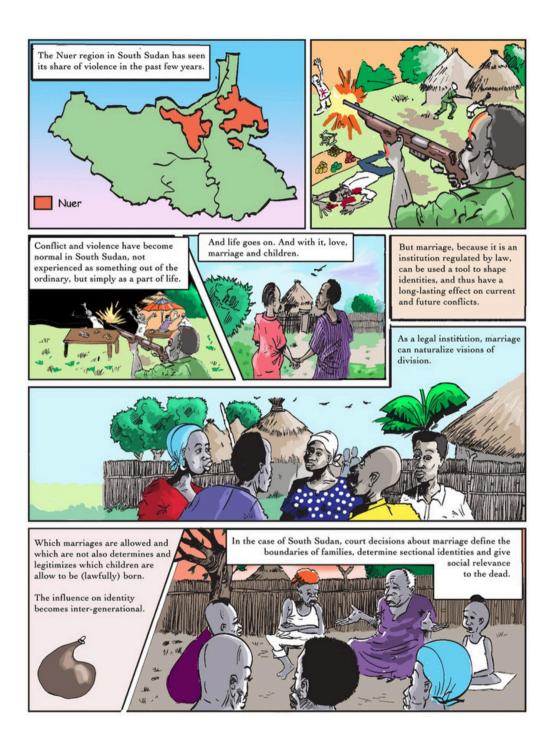
This research considers the role of the legal governance of marriage in conserving and changing social divisions during a period of war, exile and fluid elite politics. Marriage is particularly potent in its influence on identities as it allows state-level politics into the most intimate relationships as well as governing the legitimacy and legality of reproduction. War and exile can remake identities. In times of war politico-military elites may try to instrumentalise identities to build constituencies that remain loyal despite turbulent elite alliances. At the same time, identities are often internalized, constituted through habits that remake visions of divisions and are independent of such instrumentalisation. This research looks at example of how chiefs' courts through marriage

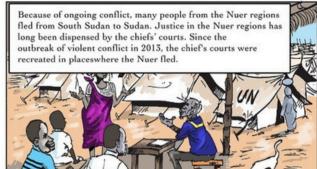
laws and norms mediate and contest ideas of identity in times of war, including the identity of the dead. The research is based on qualitative interviews and observations of Nuer chiefs' courts in South Sudanese refugees in Sudan in 2017 and 2018

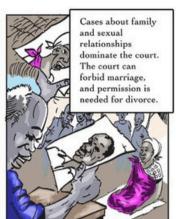
- Naomi Pendle

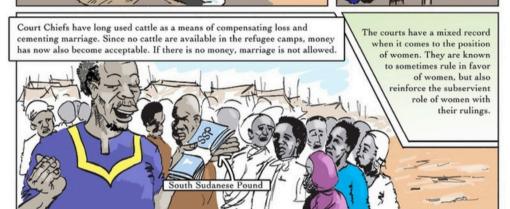






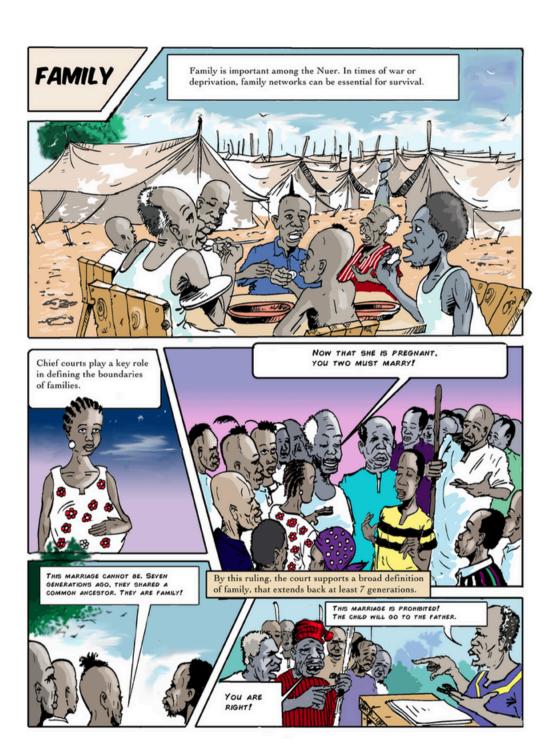


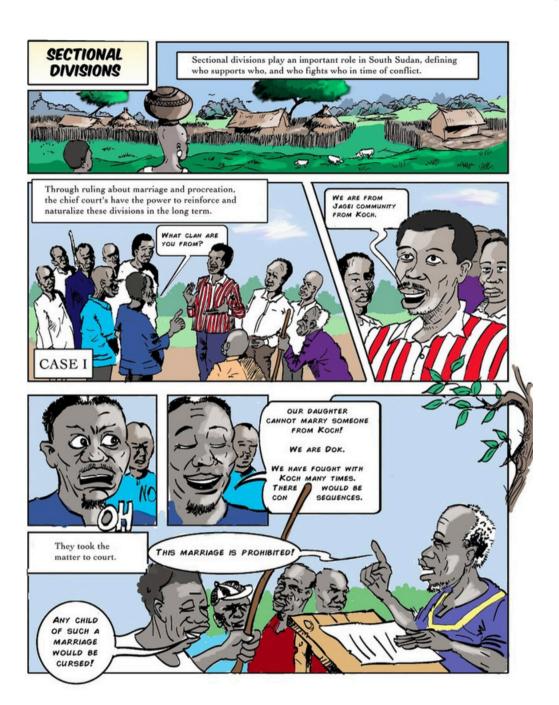


















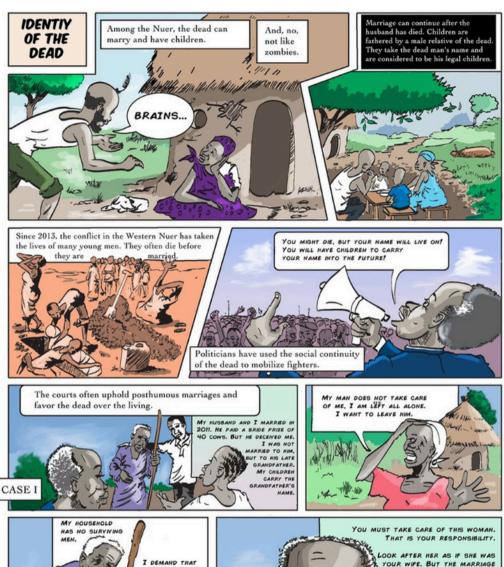
In a similar rape case, the same court has issued a sentence a <u>hundred times</u> more severe.



The only difference: in the first case, both the accused and the accuser were from the Dok community.



The court's main objective here seems to have been keeping this case profile low, and thus maintaining reputation of the section.



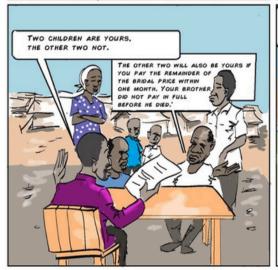
THIS MARRIAGE

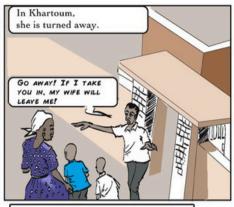
WILL BE UPHELD!











The brother-in-law found out and took the matter to court.

THE MARRIAGE TO MY BROTHER WAS NEVER ENDED: THEREFORE, ALL THESE 4 CHILDREN ARE MINE!



He failed to pay the bridal price in full, but appealed the case. The chiefs of the main court decided that all four children should go to him.



The social and legal power of the dead becomes especially important in times of war. It reduces the consequences of death.

For those who fight, death becomes more palatable because their social relations will be upheld if they die. The greatest power of chiefs' courts when they rule about sex and marriage is the long-term effects their decisions have. In White Nile, they have chosen to uphold identities that entrench families and sections.



But these court ruling also change identities. By dictating which marriages are legal, and thus what children will be born, they ingrain the sectional divisions of today into the next.

