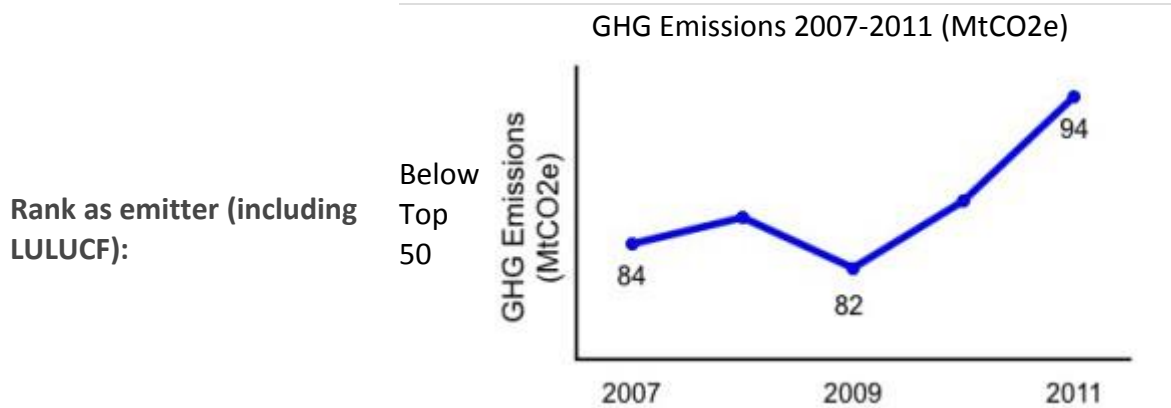


## Emissions



Country-reported GHG emissions (incl. LULUCF) (MTCO<sub>2</sub>): 59.57 (reporting year: 2006)

Country-reported GHG emissions (excl. LULUCF) (MTCO<sub>2</sub>): 78.96 (reporting year: 2006)

## Information

GHG inventory: 2000, 2006 (Second National Communication 2011)

Climate risk assessment: National Climate Change Adaptation Plan (2014); National Communication to the UNFCCC (1999, 2011)

## Targets

Economy wide targets - Up to (and including) 2020  
None

Economy-wide targets - Beyond 2020  
None

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### Targets - Energy demand

Decrease by 12% the final energy demand projected for 2020

Source:

- [National Energy Strategy 2012?2030, \(2008\)](#)

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### Targets - LULUCF

None

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### Targets - Renewables

For 2010-2014, all energy contracts signed on or after 2007 must include at least 5% from non-conventional renewable sources, increasing by 0.5% per year to 10% by 2024); Traditional hydroelectricity to achieve 45%-48% share of the electricity mix by 2030; 20% of total installed power generation capacity to come from non-conventional renewables by 2020

Source:

- [Law No. 20.257 on Non-Conventional Renewable Energies, \(2008\)](#)
- [National Energy Strategy 2012?2030, \(2008\)](#)
- [Resolution 370 regulating the subsidies for power transmission lines to facilitate access to the grid for renewable energy installations, \(2012\)](#)

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### Targets- Transport

None

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## Policies

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### GHG Mitigation framework

Source:

- [National Climate Change Action Plan 2008?2012, \(2008\)](#)

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### Adaptation framework

National Climate Change Adaptation Plan (2014)

Source:

- [National Climate Change Adaptation Plan, \(2014\)](#)

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### **Policies - Carbon pricing**

Carbon tax; Platform for Generation and Trading of Carbon Credits in the Chilean Forestry Sector (in co-operation with the private initiated voluntary carbon market)

Source:

- [Law No. 20571 on environmental taxation \(carbon tax\), \(2014\)](#)
- [National Strategy on Forests and Climate Change, \(2013\)](#)

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### **Policies - Promotion of low-carbon energy (inc. renewables)**

Net metering (users are authorised to inject electricity from renewable installations of up to 100kW in the distribution grid); Tax exemption for solar thermal systems and differentiated exemption for NCREs from transmission fees; Share of renewables requirement for electricity companies; System for granting concessions for exploration and development of geothermal energy; Developing a smart network; Support to R&D

Source:

- [Law No. 20571 on environmental taxation \(carbon tax\), \(2014\)](#)
- [Law No. 20.365 on Tax Exemption for Solar Thermal Systems, \(2010\)](#)
- [Law No. 20.257 on Non-Conventional Renewable Energies, \(2008\)](#)
- [Law No. 19.940 modifying the General Electrical Services Law \(LGSE\) of 1982, \(2004\)](#)
- [Law No. 19.657 on Geothermal Energy and its Regulation by Decree 114, \(2000\)](#)
- [National Energy Strategy 2012?2030, \(2008\)](#)

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### **Policies - Energy demand**

Source:

- [National Energy Strategy 2012?2030, \(2008\)](#)

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### **Policies - Transport**

None

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### **Policies - LULUCF**

Platform for Generation and Trading of Carbon Credits in the Chilean Forestry Sector

Source:

- [National Strategy on Forests and Climate Change, \(2013\)](#)