Thorpex Montreal 2004

How can we best combine forecasts for added value?

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How can we best combine forecasts for added value?

How might we use TIGGE?

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Forecast improvement can be achieved in two ways:

Overview

Combining

Evaluation

Motivation

Overview

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Evaluation

Example

Forecast improvement can be achieved in two ways:

• improving the models (strategic)

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Forecast improvement can be achieved in two ways:

- improving the models (strategic)
- using the available information more effectively (tactical)

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Forecast improvement can be achieved in two ways:

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THORPEX:

"THORPEX will develop, demonstrate and evaluate a multi-model, multi-analysis and multi-national ensemble prediction system, referred to as TIGGE."

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Combining Simulations

- Evaluation
 - skill scores → Broecker
 - bootstrapping and meaningful skill comparison
- Example combining ECMWF and NCEP

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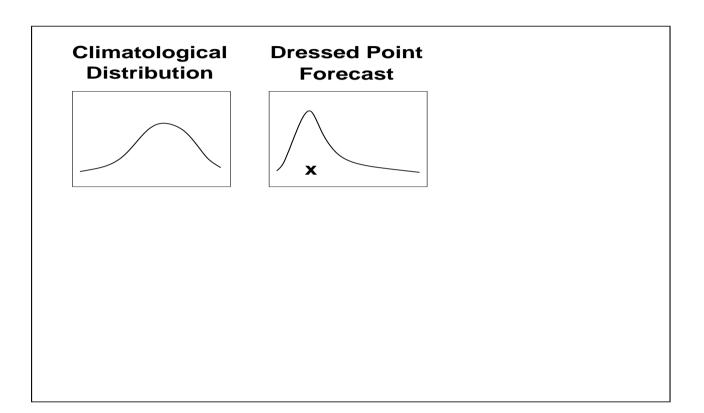




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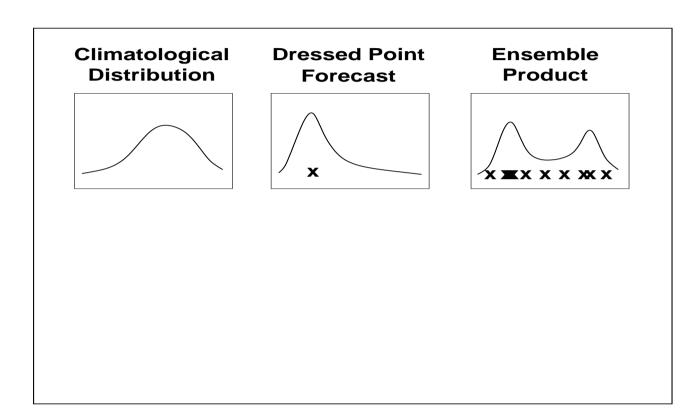
Inputs

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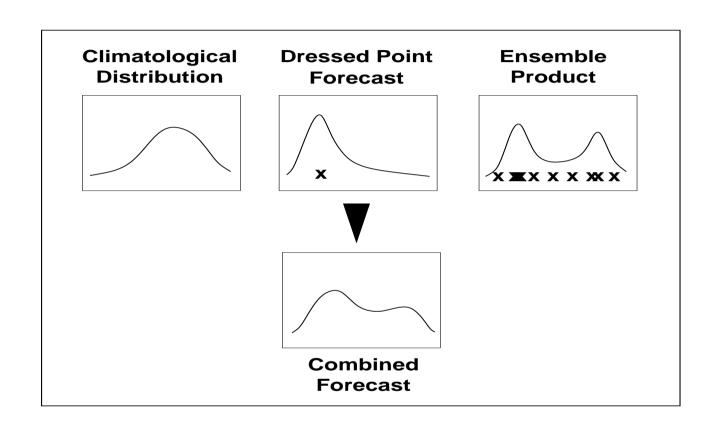
Evaluation



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Combining: Skill Scores

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The combination is based on the skill of the final forecast

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 $s = \mathcal{S}(f, o)$

Evaluation

Example

f forecast distribution

o verifying observation

S skill score

s skill of forecast f

Combining

Motivation

One combination method is to take a weighted sum of the component distributions

Overview

$$f = \sum \alpha_i f_i$$

Combining

Choose α_i that maximises the skill score

Evaluation

$$\langle s \rangle = \max \langle \mathcal{S}(f, o) \rangle$$

Example

over a set of historical forecast-verification pairs

Ignorance: $s = -\log p(o)$

Evaluation: Bootstrapping

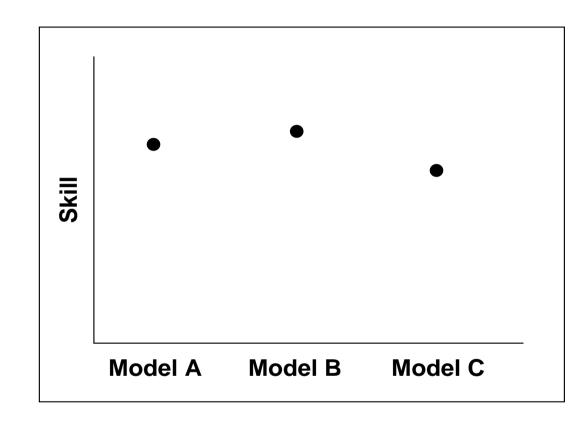
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Out of sample, particular location, particular lead time, particular target

Evaluation: Bootstrapping

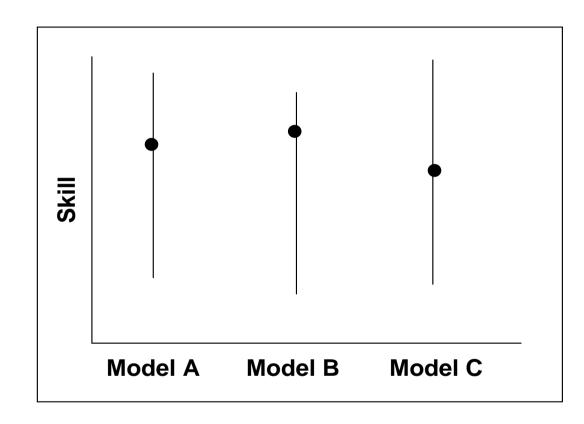
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Out of sample, particular location, particular lead time, particular target

We do not want to compare the uncertainty in the average performance of two models.

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We want the uncertainty in the comparative performance of the models to each other.

Bootstrap the difference:

 $\langle s_A - s_B \rangle_{BS}$

Not the difference of the bootstraps: $\langle s_A \rangle_{BS} - \langle s_B \rangle_{BS}$

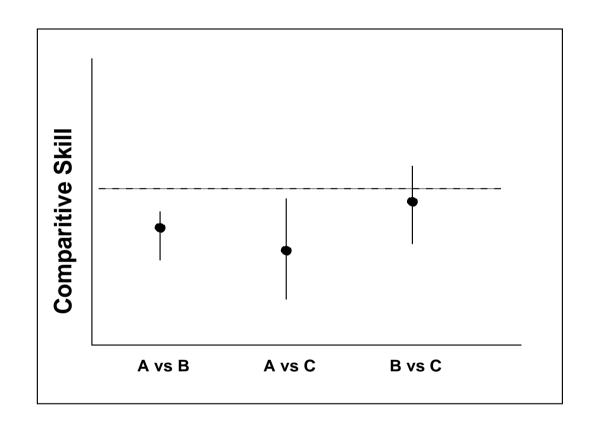
Comparative Skill

Motivation

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Example

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Predicting temperature at Heathrow.

Using

NCEP high resolution

• NCEP ensemble

ECMWF high resolution

• ECMWF ensemble

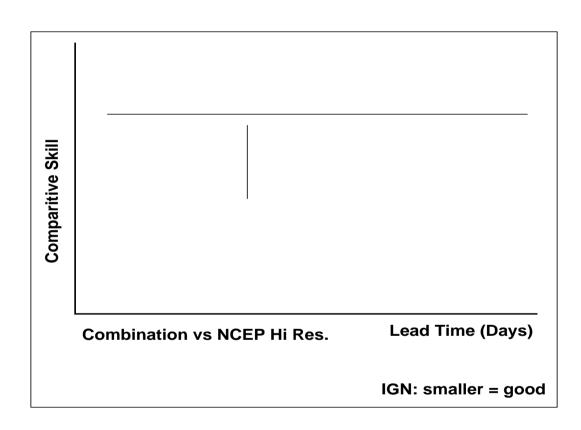
Evaluating using Ignorance - out of sample

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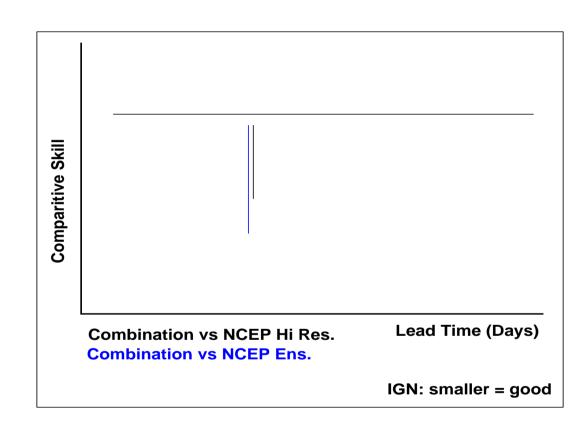


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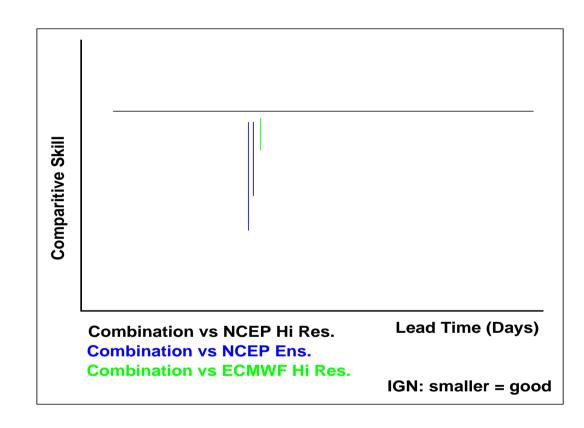


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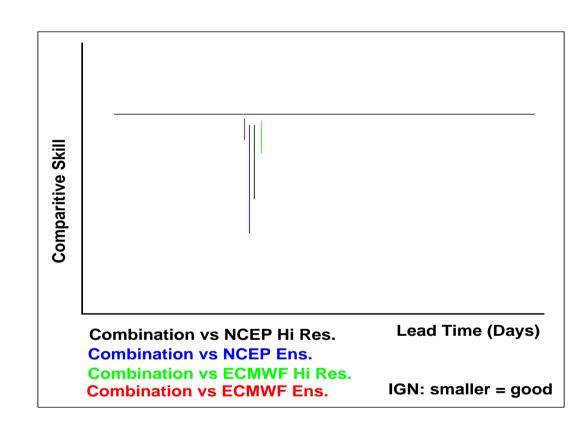


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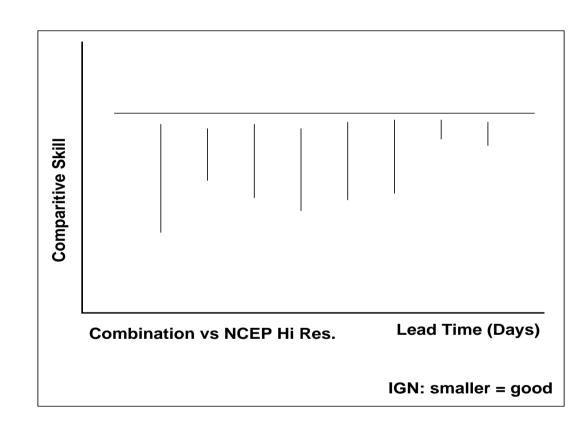


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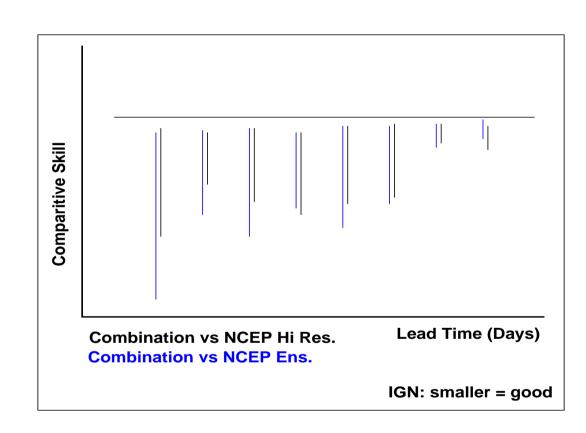


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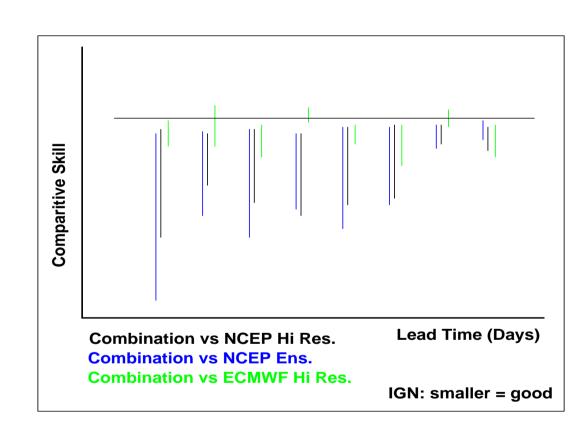


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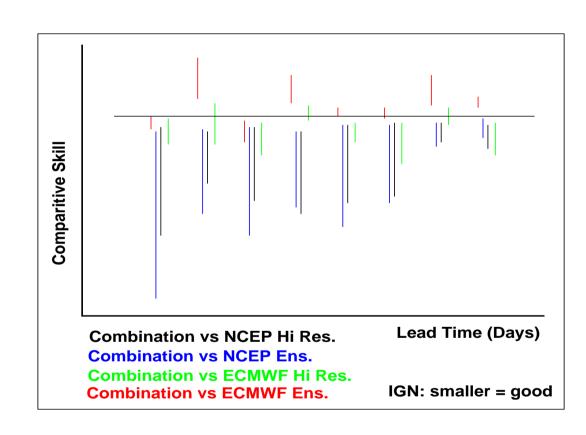


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Summary

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We have:

- presented a user-orientated methodology for combining simulations
- whatever combination method, the evaluation must be robust
- dressing method, combination method and size of forecast-verification archive affects performance
- potential relevance to TIGGE, provides a framework for allowing users to extract the forecast information most relevant to them